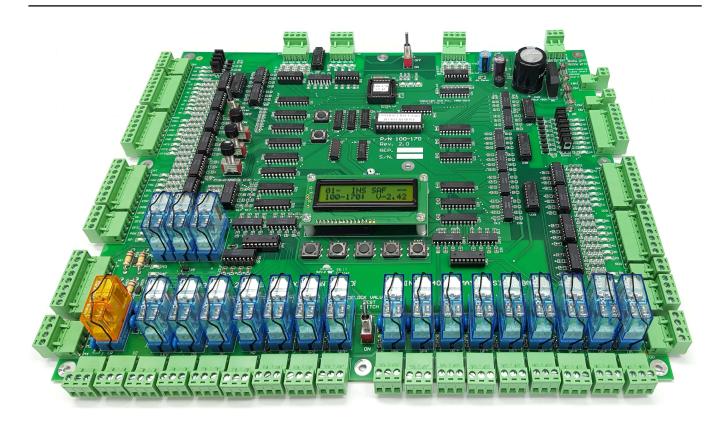


100-170 Controller Manual



Revision Date: Sep 04, 2019

ECD System Manual

ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT DESIGNS PTY. LTD.

Operation Guide

This manual covers all versions of 100-170 hardware and software. Some features and operative descriptions mentioned in this manual may differ or not be available on earlier 100-170 versions

> © Electronic Circuit Designs Pty. Ltd. Factory 11/30 Perry Street • Matraville • NSW • Australia • 2036 Phone 61 2 9316 6909 • Fax 61 2 9316 6797 Email <u>sales@ecd.com.au</u> Web <u>www.ecd.com.au</u>

Table of Contents

ontents	i
Safety Regulations & Introduction	4
Following operating instructions.	4
Obligations of operator	4
Obligations of personnel	4
Hazards associated with the equipment	5
Warranty and liability	5
Organizational measures	5
Protective equipment	6
Informal safety measures	6
Training of personnel.	6
Machine controls	6
Safety measures during normal operation	6
Hazards caused by electric power	6
Hazards caused by hydraulic power	7
Special danger areas (examples).	7
Introduction	7
Controller Installation Environmental Requirements	8
EEProm Settings	9
ersion 1.17 (Simplex) Summary	10
ersion 2.42 (Group) Summary	11
efinitions (Full description)	14
dvanced Door Opening setup	14
uxiliary Leveling Pump operation setup	14
nti Nuisance setup	14
ttom Car Call setup	14
ottom floor setup	14
rake Switch Time	15
Car Call Mask setup	15
ONT Input setup	15
Parameter lockout function	15
Down Call Mask setup	
oor Limit invert setup	
Door Limit setup	16
Prive type setup	
or Time Close setup	17
oor Time Car Call Close setup	17
oor Time Hall Call Close setup	17
oor Time Lobby Call Close setup	
oor Time Recall setup	18
oor Time Zone Close setup	18
nergency Power type	18
ront Doors setup, Levels 1-8	18
e Service type	18
lall Fire Alternate Floor setup all Fire Service Return floor setup	
	Safety Regulations & Introduction

19 19 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
19 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23
20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23
20 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23
20 20 20 21 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23
20 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23
20 20 21 21 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23
 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23
 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23
 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23
 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23
 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23
 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23
22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23
22 22 23 23 23 23 23
22 22 23 23 23 23 23
22 23 23 23 23 23
23 23 23 23
23 23 23
23 23
23
22
23
23
23
24
24
24
24
25
25
25
26
26
27
27
28
28
28
28
28
28
28 29

DC - Door Close Relay Output	9
DCB - Door Close Button Input	9
DDN - Direction Down Output	9
DDO - Door Open Disable Switch (no actual input)	9
DF - Down Fast Relay Output	9
DFC - Door Fully Closed Input 29	9
DFO - Door Fully Open Input	1
DHC - Down Hall Call Inputs/Darlington Outputs	3
DN - Down Relay Output	4
DO - Door Open Relay Output	4
DOB - Door Open Button Input	4
DS - Down Slow Relay Output	4
DUP - Direction Up Output	4
DZ - Door Zone Input	4
DZ – Door Zone Relay Output	4
DZR – Rear Door Zone Output	4
EDP - Electronic Door Protection Input	4
EQK – Earthquake Detection input	5
HCB – Hall Call Bypass Input	5
HFA - Hall Fire Alternate Input	5
HFL - Hall Fire Light Output	5
HFM Hall Fire Machine Room/Hoist way Input	5
HFR - Hall Fire Reset Input	5
HFS - Hall Fire Service Input	6
HFV - Hall Fire Visual signal Output	6
HR - Hall call Return Input	6
HV2 - High Voltage Input	6
IDN - Inspection Down Input	6
IND - Independent Service Input	6
INSP - Inspection Control Input	7
IRO – Inspection Relay Output	7
IUP - Inspection Up Input	7
LEV - Leveling Relay Output	7
LR – Lock Relay Input	7
LR – Lock Relay Output	7
LRX – Aux LR Input	7
M3 - Door Locks Input	7
MSD - Down Count Input	7
MSU - Up Count Input	8
NDG - Nudging Buzzer Output	8
NR - Nudging Relay Output	8
OS - Out of Service Output	8
OUT3 – Spare Output 3	8
OUT4/IRO – Inspection Relay Output	9
PI - Position Output	9
PRK - Parking Function Input	
T KK - T at King Function input	9
PRV - Proving Circuit Input	

PULSE – Pulse Counting Input	
SAF - Safety Circuit Input	
SIn1 (HFM) – Multi Purpose Input 1	40
SIn2/BKSW – Brake Switch Input	40
SIn3/HCB – Hall Call Bypass Input	40
SIn4/HR – Hall call Return Input	40
SIn5 – Spare Input 5	40
Sin6 – Spare Input 6	40
SP - Emergency Power Input	40
SP1 - Multi Purpose Output 1	40
SP2 - Multi Purpose Output 2	40
SP3 - Multi Purpose Output 3	40
SP4 - Multi Purpose Output 4	40
TSL – Top SLowing input	41
UD - Up/Dn Relay Output	41
UF - Up Fast Relay Output	41
UHC - Up Hall Call Inputs / Outputs	41
UP - Up Relay Output	41
US - Up Slow Relay Output	41
Section 5. Liquid Crystal Display	
LCD Status Line	
LCD Position & Direction	42
LCD Lift Modes	42
LCD Lift Status	43
LCD Door Modes	43
LCD Control Buttons	43
LCD Display Options	44
Section 6. Motion	45
Motion Control Outputs	45
Drive settings and their output status	45
Counting Method "00" - Magnet Counting	52
Section 7: Faults – Fault finding	54
Upgrade Controller software	54
Group/Duplex Faults	54
Leveling inhibit. LEV	54
Run protection timer. RPT	54
Lift won't re-level with doors open	54
On board fuse blows	55
Testing 24VDC	55
Doors do not open	55
Doors close on park	55
Doors don't open at terminal floors	55
Lift gets out of step	55
Lift does not answer car calls	55
Lift does not answer hall calls	55
Lift misses hall calls	
Re-leveling won't operate	56

Red3 LED is not blinking	56
Processor errors/Lockup:	56
Lift running constantly until hall button push:	56
Lift not responding to hall button until car button registered:	56
Section 8. Upgrades, Changes & Technical Information	57
Controller ID	58
Terminal Screw Torque Settings	59

Section

Section 1: Safety Regulations & Introduction

Section 1.1 Safety Regulations and supply voltage requirements

Elevator controllers and other electrical components can cause serious harm or death if installation guides are not met. It is the responsibility of the installer of our equipment to ensure that once installed, the equipment does not pose any threat, danger or hazard.

Installation of this equipment shall be done in accordance with AS1735 for Australia and with all applicable local codes.

As per AS 60038-2012, Table 1, nominal supply voltage shall be 230(4 wire)/400(3 wire). Highest supply voltage shall be 253/440. Lowest supply voltage shall be 216/376.

Section 1.2 Obligations and Liability

1.2.1 Following operating instructions.

- In order to ensure safe handling and problem free operation of this equipment, it is absolutely essential for the relevant personal to be fully acquainted with the relevant safety regulations.
- These operating instructions contain the most important information for operating the machine correctly and safely.
- These operating instructions, in particular the safety regulations, must be observed by all those persons who work on the equipment.
- Furthermore, all locally applicable rules and regulations relating to accident prevention and installation must be observed.

1.2.2 Obligations of operator.

The operator undertakes to allow only those persons to work on the equipment who

- Are fully acquainted with the basic regulations relating to safety in the workplace and accident prevention and to have been trained in handling the equipment.
- Have read the safety regulations and the warning notices contained in these the operating instructions.
- Regular checks are conducted to ensure that personnel perform their duties with safety considerations foremost in their minds.

1.2.3 Obligations of personnel.

All personnel charged with working on the machine undertake prior to starting work to

- Observe the basic regulations relating to safety in the workplace and accident prevention.
- Read the operating instructions, in particular the safety regulations, and confirm by way of their signature that they have understood them.

SAFETY REGULATIONS & INTRODUCTION

1.2.4 Hazards associated with the equipment.

The equipment is built with state-of-the-art technology and recognized safety regulations. Nevertheless, use of the equipment can result in dangers to life and limb for the installer, user or a third party and in impairments to the equipment or to other material property. The equipment must only be used

- For its intended purpose.
- In perfect condition in terms of safety requirements.

Operate the equipment in technically perfect condition and for its intended use only while bearing in mind all safety and hazard considerations and following the operating instructions. In particular, faults which restrict safety must be rectified immediately after they have been identified and at the latest before the equipment is started up.

Compliance Testing for AS/NZS CISPR 22:2002 Class A

WARNING!

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Compliance Testing for FCC Title 47 Part 15, Subpart B Class A

FCC PART 15

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and

2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that

may cause undesired operation.

1.2.5 Warranty and liability.

Our "Sales terms and conditions" apply. These terms and conditions will have been available to the purchaser at time of sale. Warranty and liability shall be limited to repairs and replacement to the equipment purchased from us. Warranty and liability claims shall not be entertained if they can be traced back to one or more of the following causes.

- Equipment not used for its intended purpose.
- Improper installation, startup, operation and maintenance of the equipment.
- Operation of the equipment with faulty safety devices or improperly installed or non-operational safety and protective equipment.
- Failure to observe the information, instructions and notices contained in the operating instructions relating to transportation, storage, installation, startup, operation, maintenance and setting up of the equipment.
- Inadequate monitoring of the equipment parts which are subject to wear.
- Improperly conducted repairs.
- Catastrophes caused by the influence of foreign bodies and force majeure.

1.2.6 Organizational measures.

- The installer and or maintainer shall provide the necessary protective equipment for the personnel
- All existing safety equipment must be checked at regular intervals.

SAFETY REGULATIONS & INTRODUCTION

1.2.7 Protective equipment.

- At all times, prior to putting the machine into operation, all protective equipment must be correctly installed and in proper working condition.
- Protective equipment may only be removed
 - after the machine has come to a complete stop and the machine has been disabled to ensure it cannot be started up again.
 - if subcomponents are delivered, the operator must install the protective equipment in accordance with regulations

1.2.8 Informal safety measures.

- Keep the operating instructions and circuit diagrams permanently at the site where the equipment is installed.
- In addition to the operating instructions, the generally valid and local regulations relating to accident prevention and environmental protection must be provided and observed.
- Maintain all safety and danger notices on/next to the machine in legible condition and comply with them.
- If the equipment is sold or transferred, the operating instructions must be included with the equipment.

1.2.9 Training of personnel.

- Only personnel who have been trained and instructed are allowed to work on the machine.
- The responsibilities of the personnel must be clearly defined for the machine/controller installation, startup, operation, setting-up, maintenance and repairs.
- Personnel still in the process of being trained are only permitted to work at the machine under the supervision of an experienced person.

1.2.10 Machine controls.

- Under no circumstances carry out any program modifications to the software!
- Only properly instructed personnel are permitted to operate the controls.
- The machine must not be operated if potential electromagnetic interference sources are acting on the machine. Interference sources are e.g. welding equipment, portable phones.

1.2.11 Safety measures during normal operation.

- Only operate the machine when all protective equipment is fully operational.
- Prior to switching on the machine, ensure that the startup can cause no harm to personnel.
- Regularly maintain and check machine for externally identifiable damage and check that all the safety devices are operational.

1.2.12 Hazards caused by electric power.

- Ensure 0v and 24v are free from other voltages. High voltages may be superimposed on 0v and 24VDC lines as no reference to ground exists. See Warning 1.2.14
- Work on the electric power supply may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- Check the electrical equipment of the machine at regular intervals. Repair loose connections and scorched cables immediately.
- Keep the control cabinet locked at all times. Access is only permitted to authorized personnel with a key or tool.

SAFETY REGULATIONS & INTRODUCTION

- If work has to be carried out on live parts, do this only in the presence of a second person who can switch off the master switch in an emergency.
- The machine causes electromagnetic interference sources. For this reason, do not use any sensitive equipment in its vicinity.
- For EMC reasons, the controller must not be modified.

1.2.13 Hazards caused by hydraulic power.

- Only personnel with special knowledge and experience in the field of hydraulics may work on hydraulic equipment.
- Before beginning repairs, depressurize system sections and pressure lines which are to be opened.

1.2.14 Special danger areas (examples).

- When on inspection, always ensure either of the common or direction control buttons stops the lift.
- The common button shall break the safety line and the 0V up/down direction input.
- Never place yourself or any party in a position of danger where relying on any single safety measure.
- Automatic machines start without warning. Care must be taken at all times.

WARNING!

Always treat terminals and conductors as dangerous. High voltages may be superimposed on 0v and 24VDC lines as no reference to ground exists. Always meter these points to ensure correct voltage exists.

1.2.15 Introduction

he 100-170 lift controller has been manufactured in 4 main types. The 4 stop simplex, 8 stop simplex, 4 stop grouped and the 8 stop grouped. All boards are generally the same except for the added components. Operation and many routines are identical between these versions. As from 2006 only 8 stop 100-170 boards will be made.

The simplex software has been written primary for simplex operations. The simplex version has been labeled Ver. 1.00 through to Ver. 1.17. As from Jan 2008 Ver 1 software will no longer be supported or supplied.

The group software has been written primary for group operations. It allows for most combinations of up to a 6 car group with 8 floors. Due to this, there are a large number of EEPROM settings that must be set correctly for correct operation. This group Version has been labeled Ver. 2.00 through to Ver. 2.42, etc. **As from Jan 2008 only Ver 2 software will be issued.**

Processor

Under normal operation;

- The red Red3 LED blinks to confirm that the microprocessor is running.
- The yellow Yel3 LED comes on to confirm outputs are enabled.
- The green Grn3 LED comes on during power up and turns off during normal operation. It will also flash once when a new value has been written in to EEPROM..

When re-powering; ensure the lift is off for 10 seconds before turning back on.

On power up, a delay of approximately 2 seconds is given on start up to ensure voltages are stable prior to reading and writing outputs.

1.2.16 Controller Installation Environmental Requirements

Controller cabinet must be installed in a location free from;

- Dust and dirt.
- Excessive heat and humidity. Ambient temperature should not exceed 40°C /104°F.
- Excessive vibrations.
- Mist or water

When mounting controller cabinet, ensure it is suitably supported.

Section

Section 2: EEProm Settings

EEProm How to read and modify settings

This EEProm holds settings for the particular contract data including number of floors, door type and drive types.

The EEPRom holds values for various contract settings which may be altered on site. Each setting has a definition followed by its value in hex followed by its value in bit format.

01-

100-170:

To inspect the settings from the power up state, press the forward ">" button located to the left below the LCD until the EEPROM setting appears.

To inspect the settings from the power up state, press the forward ">" button located to the left below the LCD until the EEPROM setting appears.

Now you can use the up " \land " and down " \lor " buttons to scroll through the settings. If you want to change a setting press the enter "ENT" button and a * shall appear on the screen to indicate you are in edit mode.

Now use the up "∧" and down "∨" buttons to change the setting. When you are at the required value press the enter "ENT" button again and the * shall disappear.

01- NOR IDL][TOP: 08:00001000

NOR IDL

][

V-2.42

01- NOR IDL][TOP:*08:00000010

01- NOR IDL][TOP: 06:00000010

EEProm Security

A special write sequence has been added to ensure unauthorized writes to the EEProm are not made. Only operates with EEProms with this capability. These EEproms are recommended and identified by a "contract data secure" label.

EEProm Version 1.17 (Simplex) Summary

NOTE: VERSION 1.17 HAS BEEN DISCONTINUED AS OF JAN 1, 2008. ALL 100-170 CONTROLLERS WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH VERSION 2 SOFTWARE FROM THIS DATE.

The EEProm holds values for various contract settings which may be altered on site. Each setting has a definition followed by its value in hex and then its value in bit format.

Note: Refer to EEProm Definitions (Full description) for more information.

ТОР	Top floor number (VALUE)	~
	Setting example:- TOP 05: 00000101	(Level 5 is top floor)
TCC	Top car call for "TOP" button (MASK)	
	Setting example:-TCC 08: 00001000	(Set to Level 5)
ССМ	Car call mask. Floors allowed. (MASK)	æ 1 4 E
	Setting example:-CCM F8: 11111000	(Levels 1-5)
DLM	Door limit mask.	
	Setting example:-DLM 00: 00000000	(Single doors.)
	DLM 01: 00000001	(Multi doors.)
	DLM 02: 00000010	(Door cam.)
ZON	Zone floor. (MASK)	
	Setting example:-ZON 10: 00010000	(Zone to Level 4)
HFS	Hall fire service floor. (MASK)	
	Setting example:-HFS 80: 10000000	(Level 1)
ST2	Star Delta time. (VALUE)	
	Setting example:-ST2 08: 00001000	(= 800 ms)
DTC	Door time car call. (VALUE)	
	Setting example:-DTC 32: 00110010	(= 5000ms, "5 seconds")
DLI	Door limit invert. (MASK)	
	Setting example:-DLI 00: 00000000	(Limits not inverted.)
NR	Nudging Relay for door nudging /Passing to	
	Setting example:-NR 00: 00000000	(Nudging off.)
DRV	Drive control type.	
	Setting example:-DRV 02: 00000010	(3010/2CH/S block)
ADO	Advanced Door Opening.	
	Setting example:-ADO 00: 00000000	(Off)
ZTM	Zoning time. (VALUE)	
	Setting example:-ZTM 06: 00000110	(= 60 seconds)
SDX	Star Delta Exchange time. (VALUE)	
	Setting example:-SDX 01: 00000001	(= 100 ms)
PI	Position Indication	
	Setting example:-PI 00: 00000000	(Decimal outputs.)
TST	Run Test	
	Setting example:-TST 01: 0000001	(Run)
DT	Door Time Close Setup (Enable "DTC/DTH	
	Setting example:-DT 01: 00000001	(DTC/DTH Canceling Activated)

EEProm Version 2.42 (Group) Summary

The EEProm holds values for various contract settings which may be altered on site. Each setting has a definition followed by its value in hex and then its value in bit format.

Note: Refer to EEProm Definitions (Full description) for more information.

BOT	Bottom floor number (VALUE)	
	Setting example:- BOT 01: 00000001	(Level 1)
ТОР	Top floor number (VALUE)	
		(Level 5 is top floor)
BCC	Bottom car call for "BOT" button (MASK)	
	Setting example:- BCC 80: 10000000	(Bottom call Level 1)
TCC	Top car call for "TOP" button (MASK)	
	Setting example:-TCC 08: 00001000	(Set to Level 5)
ССМ	Car call mask. Floors allowed. (MASK)	
	0 1	(Levels 1-5)
UCM	Up call mask. Floors allowed. (MASK)	
DOM	Setting example:- UCM F0: 11110000	(4 Levels 1U-4U)
DCM	Down call mask. Floors allowed. (MASK)	
	Setting example:- DCM 78: 01111000	(4 Levels 5D-2D)
LOB	Lobby floor. (MASK)	$(\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{I} +$
70N	Setting example:- LOB 40: 01000000	(Level 2 master)
ZUN	Zone floor. (MASK) Setting example:-ZON 10: 00010000	(Zono to I oval 4)
7тм	Zoning time. (VALUE)	(Zone to Level 4)
	Setting example:-ZTM 06: 00000110	(= 60 seconds)
HFS	Hall fire service floor. (MASK)	(- obseconds)
111.5	Setting example:-HFS 80: 10000000	(Level 1)
SFR	Short Floor Run (MASK)	
01 10	Setting example:- SFR 9F: 10011111	(Short floor between 2&3)
L.#	Lift Number (VALUE)	(0)
	Setting example:- L.# 02: 00000010	(Lift #2)
#.L	Number of Lifts (VALUE)	
	Setting example:- #.L 03: 00000011	(3 Lifts in group)
MOD	MODE inputs (MASK)	
	Setting example:- MOD 02: 00000010	(CFS input inverted)
CNT	CNT inputs (MASK)	
	Setting example:- CNT 02: 00000010	
HFA	Hall fire alternate floor. N/A in Australia (MA	
	Setting example:- HFA 40: 01000000	(Level 2 alt. fire floor)
BST	Brake Switch Time	
	Setting example:-BST 03: 00000011	(3s)
PRV	If set to "01" requires PRV, prove input on all	DRV settings
RPT	Run protection timer	
DDV	Setting example:-RPT 01: 00000001	(25s)
DRV	Drive control type.	(2010/2CU/9 h11-)
ST2	Setting example:-DRV 02: 00000010 Star Delta time. (VALUE)	(3010/2CH/S block)
512	Star Delta time. (VALUE) Setting example:-ST2 08: 00001000	(= 800 ms)
SDX	Star Delta Exchange time. (VALUE)	(- 0001115)
JDA	Setting example:-SDX 01: 00000001	(= 100 ms)
	Setting exampleSDA 01. 0000001	(= 1001115)

MSL	Magnet slowing type.		
	Setting example:- MSL 00: 00000	000 (MSU/MSD slowing)	
	MSL 01: 00000	001 (pulse slowing)	
RTM	Extend run time. – If slowing is obtained less than this time, then add the value		
	of in XTM on before dropping high speed.		
	Setting example:-RTM 00: 00000000 (No extended run time.)		
ХТМ	M Extend run time. – If a short floor determined by RTM then add this amount of		
	Time on before dropping h	5	
	Setting example:-XTM 00: 00000000		
StF	Start Fast Number of pulses it takes to re		
StM	Start Medium Number of pulses it takes to re	-	
SIF	Slow Fast Number of pulses it takes to be	1	
SIM	-	1	
	Slow MediumNumber of pulses it takes to slo	ow from medium speed.	
1	Spare		
2	Spare		
ALP	Auxiliary Leveling Pump. Turns on Auxiliary I		
	Setting example:- ALP FF:11111111		
DI 1 7		(Re-leveling with Auxiliary pump)	
RLV	Re-leveling. Turn re-leveling on/off.		
	8 1	(No Re-level.)	
		(Re-leveling on.)	
DLM	Door limit mask.		
	0 I	(Single doors.)	
		(Multi doors.)	
	DLM 02: 00000010	(Door cam.)	
DLI	Door limit invert. (MASK)		
	Setting example:-DLI 00: 00000000	(Limits not inverted.)	
NR	Nudging Relay for door nudging /Passing ton	ne (MASK)	
	Setting example:-NR 00: 00000000	(Nudging off.)	
ADO	Advanced Door Opening.		
	Setting example:-ADO 00: 00000000	(Off)	
DTC	Door time car call. (VALUE)		
	Setting example:-DTC 32: 00110010	(= 5000ms, "5 seconds")	
DTH	Door time hall call. (VALUE)		
	Setting example:-DTH 32: 00110010	(= 5000 ms, "5 seconds")	
DTL	Door time lobby. (VALUE)	(,,	
	Setting example:-DTL 32: 00110010	(= 5000 ms ``5 seconds'')	
ANS	Anti Nuisance EDP. (VALUE)		
111.10		ed without EDP activation before calls are cancelled.	
DTZ	Door time zone (Zone floor). (VALUE)	et without LDT activation before cans are cancelled.	
DIL	N/A		
FD1	Front doors 1-8 mask.		
1 01		(Front doors 1-4.)	
RD1	Rear doors 1-8 mask.	(110111 00013 1-4.)	
KD1		$(\mathbf{P}_{\text{opt}}, \mathbf{d}_{\text{opt}}, 5)$	
SD1	Setting example:-RD1 08: 00001000 Selective rear doors 1-8 mask.	(Rear doors 5.)	
SD1			
	First floor of selective front/rear doors.		
ътъ		(Levels 4 & 5 selective.)	
DIK	Door time HR recall. (VALUE)	(- 5000 ((5 1 2))	
	0 1	(= 5000ms, "5 seconds")	
HR	Hosp / Hall recall mask.		
_	Setting example:-HR 40: 01000000		
6	Spare		

- **PRK** Park/Zone with doors closed/open. Set to 00 doors closed.
- **IND** Independent service operation. Set to 00.
- FS Fire service type Setting example:-FS 00: 00000000 (Australian fire service.) FS 01: 00000001 (Code 17.1 U.S.A..) EP Emergency power operation. Set to 00. ΡI Position Indication Setting example:-PI 00: 00000000 (Decimal outputs.) DT Door Time Close Setup (Enable "DTC/DTH Canceling Function") Setting example:-DT 01: 00000001 (DTC/DTH Canceling Activated) EEProm Lock (Unlock default 67) LCK COD Lock code (Unlock default 89) Spare --8
- --9 Spare

EEProm Definitions (Full description)

ADO - Advanced Door Opening setup

Sets the doors to open whilst traveling into the floor. The doors shall commence opening when the lift is within the door zone and the MSU or MSD vane pending direction.

ADO EEPROM Advanced Door Opening. 00: 00000000 "Off – Default" 01: 00000001 "On"

ALP – Auxiliary Leveling Pump operation setup

For hydraulic lifts, ALP can be set to control SP3 relay to allow Up Re-Leveling using the Auxiliary Pump motor.
For "SP3" relay to energise when performing an Up Re level set ALP to "01" and DRV to "00", "02" or "05".
The contacts of SP3 may also be used to stop a secondary pump starting when Up Re Leveling
If ALP is set to "01", SP3 shall NOT turn on for inspection.
ALP EEPROM Auxiliary Leveling Pump.
FF: 1111111 "Off"
01: 00000001 "On – operates SP3 for Up Re-Level or inspection"

ANS – Anti Nuisance setup

Set to the number of times a car call is answered without EDP activation before calls are cancelled. Counter is reset to zero if EDP is activated. If a hall call is present as well as a car call, the counter will not increment.
ANS EEPROM Anti Nuisance.
00: 00000000 "Off"
03: 00000011 "On – operates after 3 car calls of no EDP in a row."
1e: 00011110 "On – operates after 30 car calls of no EDP in a row - Default"

BCC Bottom Car Call setup

 BCC
 EEPROM
 Bottom car call for the "BOT" button (MASK)

 First floor served for this lift only.
 The controller shall enter a car call to this setting when the "BOT" button on the circuit board is pressed.

 80: 1000000 (Level 1)
 40: 01000000 (Level 2)

 20: 00100000 (Level 3)
 10: 00010000 (Level 4)

 08: 00001000 (Level 5)
 04: 00000100 (Level 6)

 02: 00000010 (Level 7)
 01: 0000001 (Level 8)

BOT - Bottom floor setup

BOT EEPROM Bottom number (VALUE) Set value to lowest floor served. (01 to 07 valid values) Lift resets to "BOT" value when BSL limit is activated. This signal can be used when a lift in the group doesn't go all the way to the bottom. 01: 00000001 (Level 1) 02: 00000010 (Level 2) 03: 00000011 (Level 3) 04: 00000100 (Level 4) 05: 00000101 (Level 5)

06: 00000110 (Level 6) 07: 00000111 (Level 7)

BST – Brake Switch Time

For brake switch monitoring.

BST sets the time that the BKSW input must be turned on (to prove the brake has lifted) once the brake lift command (BRK relay pulled in) has been initiated.

Setting example:

01: 00000001 = 1s02: 0000010 = 2s03: 0000011 = 3s04: 0000100 = 4s05: 0000101 = 5sFF: 1111111 = OFF. BKSW not monitored. Any other setting than 01-05 will turn the brake switch monitoring OFF. BST is a fatal error. Reset is only via a processor POR.

See also Input - Output, BKSW.

CCM - Car Call Mask setup

CCM EEPROM Car call mask. Floors allowed. (MASK). For this lift only. This setting lets you define the floors which the lift can serve via car calls. This signal will disable car calls to floors not allowed. Set bits to a "1" car call allowed or a "0" for not allowed. C0: 11000000 (1c,2c)

E0: 11100000 (1c,2c,3c) F0: 11110000 (1c,2c,3c,4c) F8: 11111000 (1c,2c,3c,4c,5c) FC: 11111100 (1c,2c,3c,4c,5c,6c) FE: 11111110 (1c,2c,3c,4c,5c,6c,7c) FF: 11111111 (1c,2c,3c,4c,5c,6c,7c,8c)

Note: This feature shall not to be used for security purposes, as it shall disable the car calls in Fire Service and other modes of operation.

CNT – CNT Input setup

Enables <u>only 3 CNT inputs</u> to be inverted. (DCB to MSU) CNT EEPROM (MASK) 00: 00000000 No inputs inverted. 01: 00000001 DCB. Door close input inverted 02: 00000010 DOB. Door open input inverted 04: 00000100 EDP. EDP input inverted

eg. 06: 00000110 = both DOB and EDP inputs inverted.

COD – Parameter lockout function

To stop unauthorised adjustments to the EEprom parameters the COD and LCK parameters are used. COD and LCK must <u>both</u> be set to default values to allow other parameters to be adjusted. See also Eeprom setting LCK COD default. 89: 10001001 LCK default. 67: 01100111

DCM - Down Call Mask setup

DCM EEPROM (MASK) Dn hall calls allowed for this lift only.
This setting lets you define the DOWN floors which the lift can serve via DOWN HALL CALLS
With this setting you may disable DOWN hall calls to floors not allowed.
Set bits to a "1" hall call allowed or a "0" for not allowed.
40: 01000000 (2d)
60: 01100000 (2d, 3d, 4d)
70: 01110000 (2d, 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d)
7E: 01111100 (2d, 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 7d)
7F: 01111111 (2d, 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 7d, 8d)

DLI - Door Limit invert setup

DLI is only valid when DLM is set to 00, 03 or 04. See also EEprom setting DLM DLI setting is used to invert the DFO and DFC inputs when normally open (n/o) door limit contacts are used. DLI EEPROM Door limit invert. (MASK) DLI: 00 "Limits not inverted." DLI: 01 " Limits inverted." Any setting other than 00 shall default to inverted limits.

DLI set to 00 - Limits not inverted. Using n/c limits.

Doors fully open – DFC LED will be on. DFO LED will off Doors fully closed – DFC LED will be off. DFO LED will on Doors midway – DFC LED will be on. DFO LED will on

DLI set to 01 - Limits inverted. Using n/o limits.

Doors fully open – DFC LED will be off. DFO LED will on Doors fully closed – DFC LED will be on. DFO LED will off Doors midway – DFC LED will be off. DFO LED will off

DLM - Door Limit setup

DLM setting is used to configure the DFO and DFC inputs and the DO and DC relay operation.
Generally; if you have a single door operator, set DLM to 00.
For two door operators, set DLM to 01. (DLI setting shall be ignored).
See also EEprom setting DLI, DFC, DFO.
DLM EEPROM Door limit mask.
Setting example: DLM 00: 00000000 The door open and door close limits are wired directly to DFO and DFC

	inputs. These inputs may be inverted using the DLI setting.
DLM 01: 00000001	(Used for front and rear doors) The door open and door close limits are
	used to operate open and close relays. Normally open contacts from these
	relays are wired to DFO and DFC inputs (DLI setting shall be ignored)
DLM 02: 00000010	(Door cam control) DC relay output used to control Cam operation.
	Nb: 1 sec delay from DO picking up after DC has dropped. (to allow time
	for cam to drop and locks to break, to avoid lock "snagging").
	See also Input - Output, DFC.
DLM 03: 00000011	As per DLM setting "00", except DO and DC are held up
DLM 04: 00000100	(Used to hold door closed when running) As per DLM setting "00", except
	DC relay picks up whilst running
DLM 05: 00000100	Used for Goods lifts with Peele door operators that automatically Open but
	are manual close.

DLM 06: 00000100 (Used to hold door closed when running) As per DLM setting "00", except DC relay picks up whilst running and door locks may be opened whilst no demand i.e the door spear has relaxed.

DRV - Drive type setup

This sets the drive output type. Relay output configurations are changed to suit equipment installed. Refer to operation section for motion outputs. DRV...EEPROM...Drive control type. 00: 00000000 "Standard hyd. block valve. 3010EN" 01: 00000001 "DA DynaHyd valve." 02: 00000010 "Soft valve. 3010/2CH/S" 03: 00000011 "VF type 1; Keb VF drive, Zetadyn VF drive" 04: 00000100 "1,2 speed AC" 05: 00000101 "GMV 3010/S, Blain EV100", Maxton, Bucher LRV, EECO 06: 00000110 "VF type 2" 07: 00000111 "VF type 3; ABB VF drive" 0D:00001101 "Blain EV4"

DT - Door Time Close setup

This setting allows the door fully open time NOT to be canceled when a car-call or door closed button (DCB) is pressed.

Setting example:

DT 00: 00000000 (De-activated, NOT allowed to cancel DTC/DTH time by pressing either DCB or any car call). DT 01: 00000001 (Activated. ALLOW pressing a car-call or DCB to cancel DTC/DTH time). DT 02: 00000000 (Partially de-activated, NOT allowed to cancel DTC/DTH time by pressing any car call).

DTC - Door Time Car Call Close setup

Sets the amount of time before the doors close for a car call whilst on normal operation. DTC EEPROM Door time close. (VALUE) Set value for door close time. The time is set in 100ms increments. 1e: 00011110 = 3000ms, "3 seconds" 32: 00110010 = 5000ms, "5 seconds" 37: 00110111 = 5500ms, "5.5 seconds" 90: 10010000 = 14400ms, "14.4 seconds" (01 to FF valid values.)

DTH - Door Time Hall Call Close setup

Sets the amount of time before the doors close for a hall call whilst on normal operation. Lobby time (DTL) overrides this setting when lift is at the lobby floor. Recommend DTH is set equal to or greater than DTC. DTH EEPROM Door time close. (VALUE) Set value for door close time. The time is set in 100ms increments. 32: 00110010 = 5000ms, "5 seconds" 37: 00110111 = 5500ms, "5.5 seconds" 90: 10010000 = 14400ms, "14.4 seconds" (01 to FF valid values.)

DTL - Door Time Lobby Call Close setup

Sets the amount of time before the doors close after a lobby call is answered when on normal operation.
DTL value overrides DTH value when answering a hall call at the lobby floor.
Recommend DTL is set equal to or greater than DTH and DTC.
DTL EEPROM Door time close. (VALUE)
Set value for door close time.
The time is set in 100ms increments.
32: 00110010 = 5000ms, "5 seconds"
37: 00110111 = 5500ms, "5.5 seconds"
90: 10010000 = 14400ms, "14.4 seconds"
(01 to FF valid values.)

DTR - Door Time Recall setup

Sets the amount of time before the doors close after returning to HR or HR1 floor and lift not being switched to IND or CFS.

The time is set in 100ms increments. Eg. 32: 00110010 = 5000ms, "5 seconds" See also Inputs-Outputs SIN4

DTZ - Door Time Zone Close setup

N/A

EP – **Emergency Power type**

Hydraulic operation only - Set to 00: 00000000

FD1 – Front Doors setup, Levels 1-8

This sets the levels for the front doors to operate. May be used in conjunction with RD1 and SD1 for selective rear door operation

FD1 setting example: A0: 10100000 (Level G and 2). See table below.

FD1 A0: 10100000 (Level G and level 2 have front doors)

RD1 50: 01010000 (Level 1 and level 3 have rear doors)

FLOOR DESIG.	FRONT DOORS	REAR DOORS
3		3 (rear) 4C, 4D
2	2 (front) 3C, 3U, 3D	
1		1 (rear) 2C, 2U, 2D
G	G (front) 1C, 1U	

FS – Fire Service type

Australia: Set to 00: 00000000 USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01: 00000001

HFA - Hall Fire Alternate Floor setup

USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01 When the designated floor smoke alarm is activated, the lift shall return to the HFA floor See also Inputs-Outputs HFA HFA...EEPROM Hall fire alternate floor. (MASK) 80: 10000000 (Level 1) 40: 01000000 (Level 2) 20: 00100000 (Level 3) 10: 00010000 (Level 4)

08: 00001000 (Level 5) 04: 00000100 (Level 6) 02: 00000010 (Level 7) 01: 00000001 (Level 8)

HFS - Hall Fire Service Return floor setup

This sets the hall fire service return floor activated when HFS input is active whilst in normal mode. HFS...EEPROM Hall fire service floor. (MASK)

80: 10000000 (Level 1) 40: 01000000 (Level 2) 20: 00100000 (Level 3) 10: 00010000 (Level 4) 08: 00001000 (Level 5) 04: 00000100 (Level 5) 02: 00000010 (Level 7)

01: 00000001 (Level 8)

HR – Hospital / Hall Recall

This set the Hospital Recall floor when lift is in HR mode. See also Inputs-Outputs SIN4 eg. 40: 01000000 (Level 2)

IND – Independent Service type

Australian. – Set to 00: 0000000

LCK – Parameter lockout function

To stop unauthorised adjustments to the EEprom parameters the LCK and COD parameters are used. LCK and COD must <u>both</u> be set to default values to allow other parameters to be adjusted. See also Eeprom setting COD LCK default. 67: 01100111 COD default. 89: 10001001

LOB - Lobby floor setup

This signal sets the master zoning floor. After the zone time period as defined by ZTM, a lift shall zone to floor defined by LOB, if unoccupied. If LOB floor is occupied then the lift shall alternatively zone to ZON floor. A lift shall zone to floor defined by LOB and ignore ZON, when working in simplex.

LOB EEPROM Lobby floor. (MASK) Master zoning floor.

LOB must be set to the same value in all lifts belong to the group.

00: 00000000 (No zoning). To disable zoning set "LOB" and "ZON" to "00".

80: 10000000 (Level 1) 40: 01000000 (Level 2) 20: 00100000 (Level 3) 10: 00010000 (Level 3) 08: 00001000 (Level 4) 08: 00001000 (Level 5) 04: 00000100 (Level 6) 02: 00000010 (Level 7) 01: 00000001 (Level 8)

L.# - Lift Number setup

Lift number setup. Example: In a 2 car group you must have one lift set to 01 and the other set to 02. It doesn't matter which way around they are as long as each lift is different.

L.#...EEPROM...Lift # (VALUE). Set value to lift number. (01 to 06 valid values.)

01: 00000001 (Lift 1) 02: 00000010 (Lift 2) 03: 00000011 (Lift 3) 04: 00000100 (Lift 4) 05: 00000101 (Lift 5) 06: 00000110 (Lift 6)

MOD – MODE Inputs setup

Enables the 8 MODE inputs to be inverted. (DCB to MSU)
MOD EEPROM (MASK)
02: 0000010 CFS. Car fire service input inverted
04: 00000100 HFS. Hall fire service input inverted
08: 00001000 IND. Independent Operation input inverted

MSL – Magnet Slowing Type

Sets the slowing/counting type. 00: 00000000 MSU/MSD magnet slowing. 01: 00000001 Pulse slowing. See also Section 6: Motion – EEprom MSL setting "00" and "01"

NR - Door Nudging setup

Sets the door nudging feature on or off. (Nudging time is preset) See also Input - Output, NR.
Sets "NDG" output on or off to control the floor passing tone. See also Input - Output, NDG.
00: 0000000 No door nudging or passing tone. Sets EDP/OS time to 30 secs. See also Input - Output, EDP
01: 0000001 Door nudging only
02: 0000010 Door nudging and passing tone
03: 0000011 Passing tone only. Sets EDP/OS time to 30 secs. See also Input - Output, EDP
04: 00000100 Sets EDP/OS time to 180 secs. See also Input - Output, EDP

PI - Position Indication setup

PI EEPROM Position Indication output type
This setting changes the PI transistor output sequence to the following values.
00: 00000000 "Decimal outputs."
01: 00000001 "Binary outputs."
02: 00000010 "Grey code outputs."

PRK – Park/Zone with doors open

This setting sets the lift to Zone with the doors open. PRK EEPROM value. 00: 00000000 "Normal." 01: 00000001 "PRK doors open."

PRV – Proving required setup

If set to "01" PRV input **is** required to be on prior to starting a run, irrelevant of DRV type selected. See also Input - Output, PRV.

RD1 – Rear Doors setup, Levels 1-8

This sets the levels for the rear doors to operate.

DZR relay used for rear door control, is switched by the controller DZR/IO5 output RD1 eliminates the need for a rear door/DZR sensor in shaft May be used in conjunction with FD1 and SD1 for selective rear door operation

RD1 setting example: 50: 01010000 (Level 1 and 3). See table below. Controller switches DZR/IO5 output to 0V when lift at level 1 or 3 FD1 A0: 10100000 (Level G and level 2 have front doors) RD1 50: 01010000 (Level 1 and level 3 have rear doors)

FRONT DOORS	REAR DOORS
	3 (rear) 4C, 4D
2 (front) 3C, 3U, 3D	
	1 (rear) 2C, 2U, 2D
G (front) 1C, 1U	
	2 (front) 3C, 3U, 3D

RLV – Re-leveling setup

This sets the floor re-leveling function on/off Setting example 00: 00000000 off. Lift will NOT re-level. 01: 00000000 on. Lift will re-level.

RPT - Run Protection Timer setup

If the lift is given run signals from controller and lift does not move, (no MSU or MSD input received) the controller turns off all run signals after a certain time, (e.g. 25s) depending on value of the RPT setting. If this process is cycled 3 times, then the controller shall display RPT error message on the LCD screen. **RPT is a fatal error.** Reset is only via a processor POR or Inspection on/off sequence.

Setting example 01:0000001 = 25s

02: 00000010 = 50s 03: 00000011 = 75s

All other remaining settings including 00, will default to the value of 25s. RPT does not operate on inspection or on DRV setting "01" (DA valve).

RTM – Run Time short floor run setup

Nb: DRV must be set to a traction lift setting.

If a short floor exists where the lift starts slowing prior to reaching full speed, a long creep into floor may occur. RTM setting, in conjunction with XTM setting, reduces this long creep time by holding in the fast speed relay for a defined time (XTM) after the initial slowing point.

Setting RTM. - Look at Ram address R:72. (Motion Timer).



To access R:72 on the LCD see also Section 5: LCD Display Options R: 72 shown in red at left.

When performing the shortest floor run take note of the highest value R:72 reaches (in hex). Add approx. 5 (in hex) to this value and set RTM to this value.

If slowing is obtained before the value in RTM is reached, the fast speed relay (UF or DF) will be held up for extra time as defined by XTM.

Set XTM to 20. If the lift fails to slow down to leveling speed before reaching the floor, (fast speed relay is being held up too long) reduce XTM value. If there is still too much creep (fast speed relay is being held up not long enough) increase XTM time. Continue until desired result is obtained.

SD1 – Selective rear doors setup, Levels 1-8

This sets the first floor of the selective front and rear doors. Used in conjunction with FD1 and RD1

Selective Rear Door floors are treated as two separate floors requiring separate car and landing buttons. See 1(front) and 1(rear) in table below

Setting Example: Refer to table below

SD1 40: 01000000 (Level 1 has selective front and rear doors)

FD1 D0: 11010000 (Level G, level 1(front) and level 2 have front doors)

RD1 40: 00101000 (Level 1(rear) and level 3 have rear doors)

This sets the levels for the rear doors to operate by turning on DZR (I/O5) output to 0V when lift answers call to 3C,3U,3D or 5C,5U,5D. See RD1.

FLOOR DESIG.	FRONT DOORS	REAR DOORS
3		3 (rear) 5C, 5D
2	2 (front) 4C, 4U, 4D	
1	1 (front) 2C, 2U, 2D	1 (rear) 3C, 3U, 3D
G	G (front) 1C, 1U	

SDX - Star Delta Exchange Time setup

This sets the amount of time from Star dropping out and Delta picking up. SDX EEPROM Star Delta Exchange time. (VALUE) Set value for delay between star dropping and delta pulling in. The time is set in 100ms increments. 08: 00001000 = 800ms Set between 01 & 08

SDX – VF Drive setting 06,07,08 brake drop time

Valid only when Eeprom setting "DRV" is set to "06, 07, 08". This sets the amount of time after a run for the brake drop in 10ms increments. SDX value must be less than ST2 value Set between 01 & ff

SFR - Short Floor Run setup

Note: this setting only works on MSL 00

This signal sets a short floor between floors, i.e the controller will not set the fast speed relays (UF & DF). SFR...EEPROM Must be FF: 11111111 unless stated. A setting for a short floor between levels 2 & 3 would be as follows. 12345678 10011111

Spares

--1 EEPROM Spare

--2 EEPROM Spare
--3 EEPROM Spare
--5 EEPROM Spare
--6 EEPROM Spare
--7 EEPROM Spare
--8 EEPROM Spare

StF – Start Fast

Number of pulses (in hex) it takes to reach fast speed StF EEPROM Start Fast pulses. (VALUE) Eg. 30: 00110000 (30 pulses in hex or 48 in decimal) See 100-173 or 100-174 manual

StM – Start Medium

Number of pulses (in hex) it takes to reach medium speed. StM EEPROM Start Medium pulses. (VALUE) Eg. 20: 00100000 (20 pulses in hex or 32 in decimal) See 100-173 or 100-174 manual

SIF - Slow Fast

Number of pulses (in hex) it takes to slow from fast speed. SIF EEPROM Slow Fast pulses. (VALUE) Eg. 30: 00110000 (30 pulses in hex or 48 in decimal) See 100-173 or 100-174 manual

SIM – Slow Medium

Number of pulses (in hex) it takes to slow from medium speed. SIM EEPROM Slow Medium pulses. (VALUE) Eg. 20: 00100000 (20 pulses in hex or 32 in decimal) See 100-173 or 100-174 manual

ST2 - Star Delta Changeover Time setup

Star connected motor running time. The amount of time the motor runs in Star, before changing to Delta. ST2 EEPROM Star Delta time. (VALUE) The time is set in 100ms increments. 08: 00001000 = 800ms 0a: 00001010 = 1000ms, "1 second" 12: 00010010 = 1800ms, "1.8 seconds"

ST2 – VF Drive setting 06,07,08 end run time

Valid only when Eeprom setting "DRV" is set to "06, 07, 08". This sets the amount of time after a run for the Up/Dn relays to drop in 10ms increments. Set between 01 & ff . ST2 value must be greater than SDX value

TCC - Top Car Call setup

TCC EEPROM Top car call for the "TOP" button (MASK) Top floor served for this lift only.

The controller shall enter a car call to this setting when the "TOP' button on the circuit board is pressed The 8Flr link (Version 2 software) or 12Flr link (Version 3 software) to bottom right corner of the LCD,

must be set to achieve this function. 40: 01000000 (Level 2) 20: 00100000 (Level 3) 10: 00010000 (Level 3) 08: 00001000 (Level 4) 08: 00000100 (Level 5) 04: 00000100 (Level 6) 02: 00000010 (Level 7) 01: 00000001 (Level 8)

TOP - Top floor setup

 TOP
 EEPROM
 Top floor number (VALUE)

 Set value to number floors served. (02 to 0c valid values).

 Lift resets to "TOP" value when TSL limit is activated.

 02: 00000010 (Level 2)

 03: 0000011 (Level 3)

 04: 00000100 (Level 4)

 05: 00000101 (Level 5)

 06: 00000110 (Level 6)

 07: 00000111 (Level 7)

 08: 00001000 (Level 8)

TST – Run Test

When this setting is activated, the lift will work in Run Test mode. Car calls shall be entered at random or in sequence and all floors shall be served approximately the same number of times. There will be approx. 50 starts per hour and the lift will automatically stop after 200 starts. The doors shall operate as per normal

The feature is to be cancelled if fire service becomes active or "TST" is set to "0". On completion "TST" shall be set to "2" This may then be set to "1" to restart the sequence.

TST EEPROM 00: 00000000 (Off) 01: 00000001 (Run) 02: 00000010 (Completed)

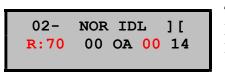
UCM - Up Call Mask setup

This setting lets you define the UP call floors which the lift can serve. With this setting you may disable UP hall calls to floors not allowed. UCM EEPROM Up call mask. Floors allowed. (MASK) Up calls allowed for this lift only. 80: 10000000 (Level 1u) C0: 11000000 (Level 1u,2u) E0: 11100000 (Level 1u,2u,3u) F0: 11110000 (Level 1u,2u,3u,4u) F8: 11111000 (Level 1u,2u,3u,4u,5u) FC: 11111100 (Level 1u,2u,3u,4u,5u.6u) FE: 1111110 (Level 1u,2u,3u,4u,5u,6u,7u)

XTM – Extend run time short floor run

Nb: DRV must be set to a traction lift setting.

If a short floor exists where the lift starts slowing prior to reaching full speed, a long creep into floor may occur. RTM setting, in conjunction with XTM setting, reduces this long creep time by holding in the fast speed relay for a defined time (XTM) after the initial slowing point. Setting RTM. – Look at Ram address R:72. (Motion Timer).



To access R:72 on the LCD see also Section 5: LCD Display Options R: 72 shown in red at left.

When performing the shortest floor run take note of the highest value R:72 reaches (in hex). Add approx. 5 (in hex) to this value and set RTM to this value.

If slowing is obtained before the value in RTM is reached, the fast speed relay (UF or DF) will be held up for extra time as defined by XTM.

Set XTM to 20. If the lift fails to slow down to leveling speed before reaching the floor, (fast speed relay is being held up too long) reduce XTM value. If there is still too much creep (fast speed relay is being held up not long enough) increase XTM time. Continue until desired result is obtained.

ZON - Zoning/Parking floor setup

ZON is only used in duplex configurations.

After the zone time period as defined by ZTM, a lift shall zone to floor defined by LOB. If LOB floor is occupied then the lift shall alternatively zone to ZON floor.

Recommend to set ZON to the same value in all lifts belong to the group.

A lift shall zone to floor defined by LOB and ignore ZON, when working in simplex.

ZON EEPROM Zone floor. (MASK) Zoning floors for other lifts.

00: 00000000 (No zoning). To disable zoning set "LOB" and "ZON" to "00".

80: 10000000 (Level 1) 40: 01000000 (Level 2) 20: 00100000 (Level 3) 10: 00010000 (Level 3) 08: 00001000 (Level 4) 08: 0000100 (Level 5) 04: 00000100 (Level 6) 02: 00000010 (Level 7) 01: 00000001 (Level 8)

ZTM - Zoning time setup

This sets the amount of time prior to zoning to the "LOB" or "ZON" setting. **To disable zoning** set "LOB" and "ZON" to "00". ZTM EEPROM Zoning time. (VALUE) The time is set in 10s increments. 06: 00001000 = 60s 0a: 00001010 = 100s, "1 minute 40 seconds" 12: 00010010 = 180s, "3 minutes"

#.L - Number of Lifts setup

 This sets the number of lifts in the group.

 All lifts within the group must be set to the same value.

 #.L
 EEPROM

 Number of Lifts (VALUE)

 01: 00000001 (1 Lift)

 02: 00000010 (2 Lifts)

 03: 0000011 (3 Lifts)

 04: 00000100 (4 Lifts)

 05: 00000101 (5 Lifts)

 06: 00000110 (6 Lifts)

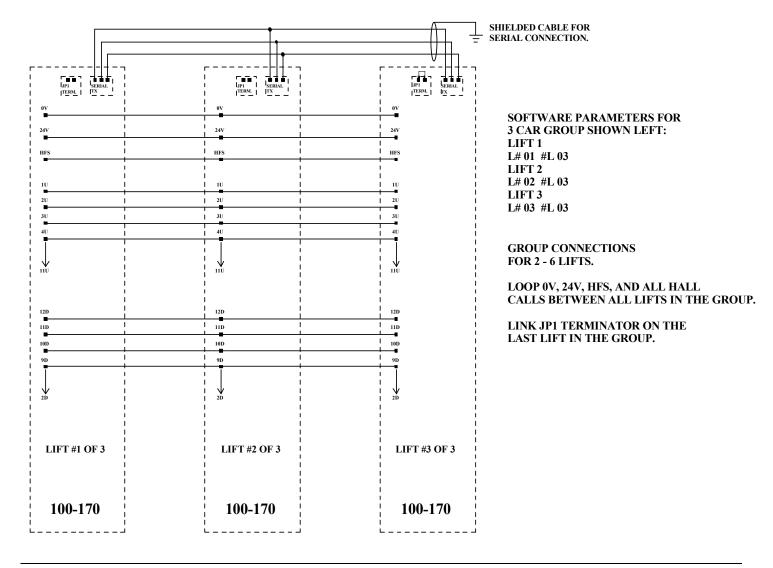
 Set value to number of lifts. (01 to 06 valid values.)

Section

Section 3. Group

Group Connections and Communication

- 24vdc and 0vdc, up and down hall calls, HFS and HFA (if USA) inputs MUST be looped between all elevators in the group.
- Group serial communication uses RS485 3-wire system.
- Controllers in the group are linked at the "Serial TX" terminal. Use shielded 3 wire serial cable.
- Install link JP1 on the last lift of the group only.
- The same version software (build date) must be used in all grouped controllers.
- See connection diagram below.



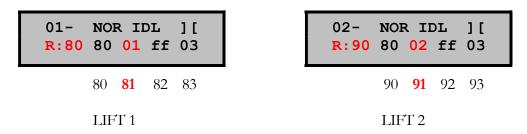
Group Checks

To ensure all the lifts in the group are communicating with each other, check the RAM address which shows the position of each lift.

Each lift has its position shown at the following RAM addresses.

- Lift 1. Ram location 81
- Lift 2. Ram location 91
- Lift 3. Ram location a1
- Lift 4. Ram location b1
- Lift 5. Ram location c1
- Lift 6. Ram location d1

To obtain RAM (R) address see Section 5, LCD Controller Status Options.



e.g. For a 2 car group. Lift 1 is on level 1. Lift 2 is on level 2.

From lift 1 controller look at RAM address 91. (lift 2 position). This should read a value of 02. From lift 2 controller look at RAM address 81. (lift 1 position). This should read a value of 01.

This proves each controller knows the position of the other lift in the group, therefore indicating serial communication established.

If controllers are not communicating correctly, a value of 00 will be shown.

Group/Duplex Faults

If group system is faulty check all wiring and connections as per Section 3. Also, ensure EEprom settings L# and #L have been set correctly. See section 2.

NB: Due to looping of 24V and 0V between all boards in the group, 24VDC shall still exist on any board, even though it may have been turned off at the main Circuit Breaker.

DO NOT remove the 0V or 24V from such boards as backfeeding shall occur which can false fire inputs.

Alternatively it is ok to remove ALL plugs from the board. (ie removal for repair)

Section

Section 4. Inputs – Outputs

All inputs except LR, SAF, HV1 and HV2 switch low to 0 Volts in respect to 24VDC. The input shall draw approx 12mA. The input LED is in series with the input. All inputs are OPTO isolated to avoid noise-related problems.

Darlington Outputs switch low to "0V" 0 volts in respect to 24VDC. The output can switch a maximum of 500mA. The output LED indicates the output status and shall be illuminated when the output has switched low. All outputs are OPTO isolated to avoid noise-related problems.

Transistor Outputs switch high to "24V" in respect to 0VDC. The output can switch a maximum of 1.5A. The output red LED indicates transistor output on, e.g. 1P, 2P, 3P, 4P.

BKSW - Brake Switch Input

For brake switch monitoring. Brake lift is monitored via brake switches on the hoist machine, which input 0V to BKSW input when fully lifted. LED on when brake is fully lifted. Malfunctioning brake shall cause either of 2 errors – BSD or BST **BSD** - If brake does not drop 1 second from when lift stops with the doors closed. Note: BSD error shall only set when the doors are closed to enable lift to re-level with the doors open **BST** - If brake does not lift once run is initiated. See also EEprom settings, BST See also LCD lift status BSD, BST.

BRK - Brake Relay Output

BRK RELAY OUTPUT Brake relay output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

BSL – Bottom SLowing input

Bottom floor position correction limit and forced slowdown limit for terminal floor. BSL LED shall be off when BSL limit is activated. BSL LED must remain off when lift is on the buffer

CBS - Hall Button Stop Output

CBS TRANSISTOR OUTPUT Hall button stop output. CBS activates when the lift answers a hall call.

CC - Car Call Inputs/Darlington Outputs

<u>inputs</u> / <u>outputs</u> 1C - I/O - 1st floor car call/tell tale light 2C - I/O - 2nd floor car call/tell tale light 3C - I/O - 3rd floor car call/tell tale light 4C - I/O - 4th floor car call/tell tale light

INPUTS - OUTPUTS

 $5C - I/O - 5^{th}$ floor car call/tell tale light $6C - I/O - 6^{th}$ floor car call/tell tale light $7C - I/O - 7^{th}$ floor car call/tell tale light $8C - I/O - 8^{th}$ floor car call/tell tale light

CFS - Car Fire Service Input

Australia: CFS - Car Fire Service signal input.
LED on when keyed to CFS unless inverted with MOD setting.
CFS over rides HFS.
CFS shall allow only one car call to be entered and shall toggle to the latest pressed call.
When CFSS is pressed, CFS input must stay on.
USA: Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01
CFS – Phase 2. In Car Fire Operation input.

CFSS - Car Fire Service Start Input

Australia: CFSS – Car Fire Service Start signal input.
The CFSS LED is on when keyed to CFSS unless inverted with MOD setting.
The input is switched low to 0 Volts.
When on CFS this signal shall close the doors. The DOB and EDP shall be ignored. When the doors are closed the lift shall run to the floor selected.
USA: CFSS – Phase 2. In Car Call Cancel input.

DC - Door Close Relay Output

DC RELAY OUTPUT Door Close relay output. See also DFC Input.

DCB - Door Close Button Input

LED on when door close button is pressed unless inverted with CNT setting. The door close button closes the doors on Independent Service. DCB cancels door timing on normal operation if DT is set to 01h. Both the door detector EDP and door open button DOB shall override the DCB.

DDN - Direction Down Output

DDN TRANSISTOR OUTPUT Down Direction indication output. Output switches to 24VDC for indication of lift advanced down direction.

DDO - Door Open Disable Switch (no actual input).

Toggle switch provided on board. When switch is on (down) DDO is activated. Allows the lift to be sent to floors via car calls without the doors opening. Useful for testing/adjusting etc. OS output shall be activated. Lift shall be taken out of the group. DO button, Independent Service and Fire Service override DDO

DF - Down Fast Relay Output

DF RELAY OUTPUT Down Fast output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

DFC - Door Fully Closed Input

DFC input must change state when the doors reach the fully closed limit/position.

Single Doors:

Input state can be inverted with DLI setting. See DLI in EEprom settings.

To close the lift doors, DC relay shall pull up and stay up until the DFC input is switched and the locks are made. If **DFC input does NOT switch, DCPfail** shall appear on the LCD after a period of 25 seconds and drop DC

INPUTS - OUTPUTS

relay. After a further period of 15 seconds, the doors will re-open and display **DCP (Door Close Protection)** on the LCD. This process is repeated until the fault has been cleared and the DFC input switches. While in DCPfail/DCP mode, the controller switches on the **OS output**. See Inputs - Outputs, OS. Nb: When DLM = 02, DCPfail does not apply.

Alternatively, **If DFC input is switched and the door locks do not make, LCK-bad** shall appear on the LCD. DC shall stay active for a period of 5 seconds to try to push the doors closed. If the door locks still fail to make then the doors shall then re-open. This process will be repeated until the fault has been cleared and the locks make. Nb: When DLM = 02, LCK-bad does not apply, due to locks not making until a call is registered and cam lifting.

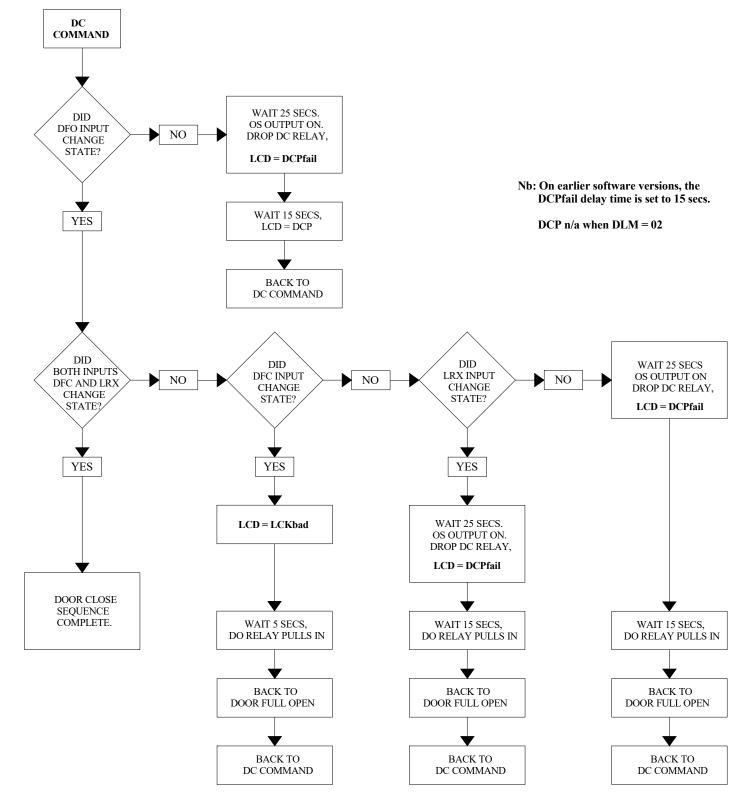
Dual Doors:

DLM EEprom setting must be set to 01 for dual doors.

DLI EEprom setting shall be ignored. See DLI in EEprom settings. **DFC input is switched via the external front or rear door close relay n/o contacts.** The door close relays drop out via the door fully closed limit switches.

When the external front or rear door close relay is in DFC LED will be on.

See the following DC-DCPfail flow chart for more detail.



DFO - Door Fully Open Input

DFO input must change state when the doors reach the fully open limit/position.

Single Doors:

Input state can be inverted with DLI setting. See DLI in EEprom settings.

To open the doors, DO relay shall pull up and stay up until the DFO input is switched. If DFO input does NOT switch, DOPfail shall appear on the LCD after a period of 25 seconds and drop DO relay. After 3-5 seconds

INPUTS - OUTPUTS

(depending on the state of locks and DFC) DC will then pull in and display **DOP** (Door Open Protection) on the LCD and close the doors. If a demand to open still exists, the doors will try to re-open. If not NOR-IDL shall appear on the LCD.

Alternatively, **If DFO input is switched and the door locks are still made, BDL (Bridged Door Lock monitoring)** shall appear on the LCD. Lift will remain in BDL state with doors open until the bridge has been removed from the locks, therefore insuring the lift cannot run with the doors open and the locks bridged.

When on inspection BDL is still displayed as previous, however the lift can run via inspection buttons or access control (USA Only).

While in DOP/DOPfail mode, the controller switches the OS output on. See Input - Output, OS.

Dual Doors:

DLM EEprom setting must be set to 01 for dual doors.

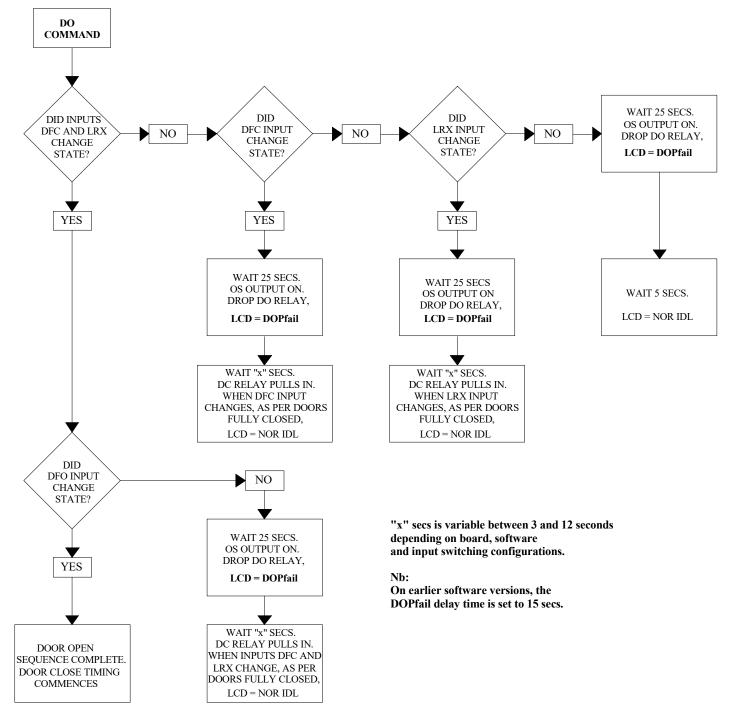
DLI EEprom setting shall be ignored. See DLI in EEprom settings.

DFO input is switched via the external front or rear door open relay n/o contacts.

The door open relays drop out via the door fully open limit switches.

When the external front or rear door open relay is in DFO LED will be on.

See the following DO-DOP fail flow chart for more detail.



DHC - Down Hall Call Inputs/Darlington Outputs

inputs	/	outputs
2D	I/O	2 nd floor DN call/tell tale light
3D	I/O	3 rd floor DN call/tell tale light
4D	I/O	4 th floor DN call/tell tale light
5D	I/O	5 th floor DN call/tell tale light
6D	I/O	6 th floor DN call/tell tale light
7D	I/O	7 th floor DN call/tell tale light
8D	I/O	8 th floor DN call/tell tale light

INPUTS - OUTPUTS

DN - Down Relay Output

DN RELAY OUTPUT Down relay output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

DO - Door Open Relay Output

DO RELAY OUTPUT Door Open relay output. See also DFO Input.

DOB - Door Open Button Input

LED off when door open button is pressed unless inverted with CNT setting.. The door open button is used to open the doors at floor level. (DZ on) The DOB shall override the door close button (DCB). When DOB input is off for extended periods (doors being held open) OS output will turn on as per EDP operation. See Inputs – Outputs, EDP.

DS - Down Slow Relay Output

DS RELAY OUTPUT Down slow output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

DUP - Direction Up Output

DUP TRANSISTOR OUTPUT Up Direction indication output. Output switches to 24VDC for indication of lift advanced up direction.

DZ - Door Zone Input

DZ LED shall be on when lift is in the Door Zone. DZ input controls DZ relay. See also Inputs – Outputs, DZ - Door Zone Relay Output Note: At floor level both MSD and MSU zones must be within the door zone (DZ).

DZ – Door Zone Relay Output

DZ RELAY OUTPUT DZ relay pulls up when DZ input is on. The external DZ C, N/O and N/C contacts are NOT to be used. Both contacts are already used. (see P2 of ECD circuit diagrams). See also Inputs – Outputs, DZ – Door Zone Input

DZR – Rear Door Zone Output

DZR/IO5 – DARLINGTON OUTPUT Rear door output. Used to control DZR (rear door zone relay) when using RD1 EEprom setting Also used for selective rear door operation. See EEprom settings, RD1 and SD1

EDP - Electronic Door Protection Input

EDP - Electronic Door Protection input.

EDP LED shall be off when the light ray is obstructed, unless inverted with CNT setting.

The loss of EDP input shall reopen the doors when on normal or independent modes. The doors shall remain open until the obstruction is removed and EDP input turns back on.

EDP operation with Eeprom setting NR = 00 or 03;

After 30 secs with EDP off and demand exists for the lift via latched hall or car calls, the lift shall be determined Out of Service. OS output will turn on, cancelling all hall calls (not car calls). Lift will remain in OS state until EDP turns back on and doors are allowed to close.

EDP operation with Eeprom setting NR = 04;

After 180 secs with EDP off and demand exists for the lift via latched hall or car calls, the lift shall be determined Out of Service. OS output will turn on, cancelling all hall calls (not car calls).

Lift shall remain in OS state for 10 secs. OS then turns off and lift goes back into service and hall calls can be latched again. Sequence repeats if EDP remains off. This setting is used for nursing homes to allow for longer door open times.

See Inputs – Outputs, OS. See also EEprom settings, NR

EQK – Earthquake Detection input

EQK LED shall be on when EQK input is activated.

If the lift is on normal operation mode and in motion and EQK is activated, the lift shall stop at the next possible floor and remain stopped with the doors open.

If the lift is on normal operation mode and stopped and EQK is activated, the lift shall remain stopped with the doors open.

Reset via POR or inspection on/off cycle.

HCB – Hall Call Bypass Input

HCB/SIn3

LED shall be on when lift is on Hall Call Bypass.

Used in conjunction with a load weighing switch. Eg. when car is full, input is turned on. Lift will ignore (but not cancel) hall calls while HCB input is on.

HFA - Hall Fire Alternate Input

HFA/IN1

USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01

HFA LED shall be on when the fire alarm initiating device is activated at the designated floor. When on normal operation mode, the lift shall return to the HFA floor as defined by EEProm setting HFA.

HFL - Hall Fire Light Output

HFL/OUT1 – DARLINGTON OUTPUT

USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01

This output shall be activated when on fire service to control HFL relay which disconnects HF- (see page 3 and 4 of ECD circuit diagrams) to render call registered, directional lights and landing indicators inoperative as per code requirement.

Note: Car position indicators and position indicators at the designated level and fire control station shall remain operative when on fire service.

HFM Hall Fire Machine Room/Hoist way Input

HFM/SIn1

USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01 HFM LED shall be on when a fire alarm initiating device is activated in the machine room or in the lift shaft. Causes the illuminated visual signal to turn on intermittently (flash) See Inputs – Outputs, HFV.

HFR - Hall Fire Reset Input

HFR/IN2 USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01 HFR input used to remove elevator from Phase 1 operation HFR LED shall be on when keyed to HFR (reset).

HFS - Hall Fire Service Input

HFS initiates the fire service recall operation **Australia:** HFS LED shall be on when HFS recall is activated. (Unless inverted with MOD setting) via the fireman's hall fire service key switch If lift is on normal operation mode and HFS is activated, the lift shall return to the HFS floor as defined by EEProm setting HFS. **USA:** Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01 HFS LED shall be on when **HFS/PHASE 1** recall is activated. (Unless inverted with MOD setting) via the fire recall switch or a fire alarm initiating device If lift is on normal operation mode and HFS/PHASE 1 is activated, the lift shall return to the HFS floor as defined by EEprom setting HFS. See also EEprom setting HFA.

HFV - Hall Fire Visual signal Output

HFV/OUT2 – DARLINGTON OUTPUT USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01 This output shall be activated to control the illuminated visual signal. HFV output will turn on intermittently (flash) if the HFM input is activated. See Inputs – Outputs, HFM.

HR - Hall call Return Input

HR/SIn4

Used to recall a lift to a particular floor in an emergency.

When HR input switches to 0V, the lift shall cancel all calls (car and hall if simplex, car only if duplex), stop at the next available landing without opening its doors and return to the floor set at parameter HR or HR1.

When in HR mode, the lift shall be out of service as indicated by OS output turning on. Also, while the lift is in HR mode output SO3 is turned on, for indication if required.

Once the lift arrives at the designated HR floor it will open its doors for the time set in DTR. Nb: If SIN4 input is held on the lift shall remain at the HR floor with the doors open. DTR shall not operate.

If the lift is not turned to IND or CFS after this time it returns to normal operation.

See also EEprom settings HR, HR1 and DTR.

HV2 - High Voltage Input

<u>USA Only. HV2</u> – High voltage processor input for monitoring 'BDL' (Lift Status) for the landing locks. HV2 LED shall be on when door locks are made. HV2 - Ram address R:43

IDN - Inspection Down Input

IDN - Inspection down signal input

IDN LED shall be on when down inspection button pressed. Momentary push button switch also provided on board for IDN

IND - Independent Service Input

IND - Independent service input.

IND LED shall be on when keyed to IND unless inverted with MOD setting.

Independent service is the same as exclusive service.

If the lift is on normal operation mode and the lift is keyed to independent service the operation shall be as follows. The car doors shall remain open. When a car call is entered the doors shall close only whilst the call button is being pressed. This call button operates as a dual call enter and door close button. Alternatively you may enter the call with the car call button and then use the door close button to close the doors.

Only one call may be entered at a time.

To change the desired destination floor, press the new car call button to toggle the call.

Operation modes including Car Fire Service, Hall Fire Service, Inspection and Emergency lowering operation shall override Independent Service.

INSP - Inspection Control Input

INSP LED shall be off when on inspection.

Toggle switch also provided on board for INSP. When switch is down, INSP is ON. Note: Top of car inspection must be OFF for on board Inspection switch/buttons to be operative.

IRO – Inspection Relay Output

IRO – DARLINGTON OUTPUT

This output shall be activated when the lift is on Inspection.

Used for driving an external inspection relay, where extra inspection contacts may be required. E.g. Inspection contact in series with up fast speed valve, so lift travels on slow speed when on Inspection.

IUP - Inspection Up Input

IUP - Inspection up signal inputIUP LED shall be on when up inspection button pressed.Momentary push button switch also provided on board for IUP

LEV - Leveling Relay Output

LEV RELAY OUTPUT Relay pulls up when lift leveling or re-leveling to floor

LR – Lock Relay Input.

LR - Lock Relay input for **LR Relay**. High voltage input. LR input controls LR relay. The LR n/o contacts are used in the safety circuit. (See page 2 of ECD circuit diagrams) LR and LRX inputs are wired in parallel. See also Inputs – Outputs LRX

LR – Lock Relay Output

LR RELAY OUTPUT Relay pulls up when LR input is on. See also Inputs – Outputs LR

LRX – Aux LR Input.

LRX/HV1 - Lock input for **processor**. High voltage input. Also used for monitoring 'BDL' (Lift Status). LRX and LR inputs are wired in parallel. See also Inputs – Outputs LR (See page 2 of ECD circuit diagrams) LRX - Ram address R:44

M3 - Door Locks Input

M3 - Lock input for **processor**. High voltage input (See page 2 of ECD circuit diagrams) M3 - Ram address R:46

MSD - Down Count Input

MSD – Input pulls up on board relay MSD which is used in the masking/re-leveling circuit and inputs to tell the lift to re-level and count. Ensure the MSD slowing input is activated **before** the Bottom Slowing Limit (BSL) at the bottom floor.

Counting Operation (MSL=00) – When the lift is running down between floors it shall advance the position count when a MSD input is received. The lift indicator outputs 1P to 8P shall change accordingly. The LCD position shall remain the same until the lift passes through DZ. At floor level the MSD magnets must be within the DZ magnet or a dual advance count may occur.

Re-leveling Operation – If the lift is stationary at a floor and MSD is off with DZ and MSU on then the lift shall relevel up (**LUP** displayed on LCD) until MSD is switched on again. If the lift fails to re level to the floor after 3 consecutive, 10 second attempts, **LEV** will be displayed on the LCD. Lift shall no longer attempt to re level. Note: LEV status does not take the lift out of service.

A re-level shall only occur approximately 3 seconds after a run or previous re-level whilst lift is on an appropriate mode.

A re-level shall only occur if the doors are fully closed or fully open

MSU - Up Count Input

MSU – Input pulls up on board relay MSU which is used in the masking/re-leveling circuit and inputs to tell the lift to re-level and count.

Ensure the MSU slowing input is activated **before** the Top Slowing Limit (TSL) at the top floor.

Counting Operation (MSL=00) – When the lift is running up between floors it shall advance the position count when a MSU input is received. The lift indicator outputs 1P to 8P shall change accordingly. The LCD position shall remain the same until the lift passes through DZ. At floor level the MSU magnets must be within the DZ magnet or a dual advance count may occur.

Re-leveling Operation – If the lift is stationary at a floor and MSU is off with DZ and MSD on then the lift shall relevel down (**LDN** displayed on LCD) until MSU is switched on again. If the lift fails to re level to the floor after 3 consecutive, 10 second attempts, **LEV** will be displayed on the LCD. Lift shall no longer attempt to re level. Note: LEV status does not take the lift out of service.

A re-level shall only occur approximately 3 seconds after a run or previous re-level whilst lift is on an appropriate mode.

A re-level shall only occur if the doors are fully closed or fully open

NDG - Nudging Buzzer Output

NDG/IO6 – DARLINGTON OUTPUT NDG is used to activate an audible signal when lift on HFS recall NDG can also be used to operate an audible floor passing tone device NDG can also be used to operate a door nudging buzzer The nudging buzzer shall operate when the nudging relay NR, is activated. See Inputs – Outputs, NR See also EEprom settings, NR

NR - Nudging Relay Output

NR RELAY OUTPUT Nudging relay output NR relay pulls up when the lift is on door nudging mode. In door nudging mode, the doors will close regardless of "EDP" input state. The NR relay contacts are used to signal the door operator to close the doors at a reduced speed and torque to avoid injury. Nudging mode occurs when doors are held open via EDP for more than 20 seconds after door timing (DTC, DTH, DTL) has expired. Lift must be in NOR mode (normal operation) for nudging to operate. See also Inputs – Outputs, NDG See also EEprom settings, NR

OS - Out of Service Output

OS TRANSISTOR OUTPUT Out of service output This signal turns on whenever the lift is out of the group and therefore not available to answer hall calls. If safeties are lost or the lift is not in normal mode of operation this signal shall activate.

OUT3 – Spare Output 3

N/A

OUT4/IRO – Inspection Relay Output

See Inputs – Outputs IRO

PI - Position Output

PI transistor position outputs switch high to 24VDC and are used for indication of lift position.

This signal is the advanced lift position count.

Note: The LCD displays the actual and not the advanced position (PI) count.

The PI output may be in decimal, binary or grey code depending on the PI Setting. See EEprom settings, PI

1P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 1 output
2P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 2 output
3P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 3 output
4P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 4 output
5P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 5 output
6P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 6 output
7P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 7 output
8P	TRANSISTOR OUTPUT	Position 8 output

PRK - Parking Function Input

PRK LED shall be on when lift is on park.

When PRK input is active, the lift shall remain at the floor with the doors open, when on normal or independent operation.

All car calls and door close buttons shall be ignored.

The controller switches the OS output on. See Input - Output, OS.

USA Only. Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01

PRK input shall be activated via the "hold" key switch position when on Fire Operation - Phase 2. The lift will remain at the floor with the doors open. Door close buttons shall be inoperative and car calls shall not be registered.

PRV - Proving Circuit Input

PRV input may be required to be on prior to a run being initiated, depending on the DRV setting. See Section 6: Motion, for more on PRV input conditions

The PRV input is used to ensure the drive contactors have been released on stopping

Some DRV settings do not require the PRV input to be on prior to a run, (see Section 6: Motion) however, if EEprom setting PRV is set to "01" PRV input is required to be on prior to starting a run, irrelevant of DRV type selected.

PRV input is also used to complete a run on DRV setting 03. See also EEprom settings, PRV

PULSE – Pulse Counting Input

PULSE – Optical Pulse Counting input. If pulse is required use 100-173 or 100-174 controller. See 100-173 or 100-174 manual.

SAF - Safety Circuit Input

SAF – Safety Circuit input for **processor**. High voltage input

SAF LED shall be on when safety circuit is made.

Safety circuit input SAF must be on for normal operation. SAF input is supplied from the end of the safety circuit (normally terminal 16 - See page 2 of ECD circuit diagrams). If this input is lost then the SAF LED shall be off and the LCD lift status shall show SAF.

SAF - Ram address R:45

SIn1 (HFM) – Multi Purpose Input 1

See Inputs – Outputs, HFM.

SIn2/BKSW – Brake Switch Input

See Inputs – Outputs, BKSW.

SIn3/HCB – Hall Call Bypass Input

See Inputs – Outputs, HCB.

SIn4/HR – Hall call Return Input

See Inputs – Outputs, HR.

SIn5 – Spare Input 5

N/A

Sin6 – Spare Input 6

N/A

SP - Emergency Power Input

SP – For hydraulic elevator operation only SP LED shall be on when emergency power is activated. When SP input is activated the lift shall return to the lowest level and open its doors. The doors will then close and shall remain closed until the signal is lost or the door open button is pressed. Lift shall remain out of service (OS output will activate.) while SP is on.

SP1 - Multi Purpose Output 1

SP1 RELAY OUTPUT Star contactor output
 See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation
 See also EEprom settings ST2 - Star/Delta changeover time and SDX - Star Delta Exchange time

SP2 - Multi Purpose Output 2

SP2 RELAY OUTPUT Delta contactor output
 See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation
 See also EEprom settings ST2 - Star/Delta changeover time and SDX - Star Delta Exchange time

SP3 - Multi Purpose Output 3

SP3 RELAY OUTPUT Spare relay output 3
SP3 may be used for Inspection Speed input, depending on DRV setting
SP3 may be used for auxiliary leveling pump operation, depending on DRV setting. See also EEprom settings ALP
See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

SP4 - Multi Purpose Output 4

SP4 RELAY OUTPUT Spare relay output 4

Australia: SP4 relay pulls in when SAF input is active.

On loss of safety circuit (and SAF input), SP4 relay drops out.

SP4 relay contacts may be used to disconnect the door operator from the supply on loss of the safety circuit.

USA: Fire Service Code 17.1. FS EEprom setting must be set to 01

When Fire Recall - Phase 1 activated, SP4 n/o relay contact is used to override the emergency stop switch in the car.

TSL – Top SLowing input

Top floor position correction limit and forced slowdown limit for terminal floor.

TSL LED shall be off when TSL limit is activated.

TSL LED must remain off when lift is at the highest point in the shaft, ie counterweight landed or ram fully extended

UD - Up/Dn Relay Output

UD RELAY OUTPUT Com. UP/DN output. See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

UF - Up Fast Relay Output

UF RELAY OUTPUT Up fast output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

UHC - Up Hall Call Inputs / Outputs

inputs / outputs 1st floor UP call/tell tale light I/O 1U 2nd floor UP call/tell tale light 2UI/O 3rd floor UP call/tell tale light 3U I/O 4U I/O 4th floor UP call/tell tale light 5th floor UP call/tell tale light 5U I/O 6th floor UP call/tell tale light I/O 6U 7th floor UP call/tell tale light 7U I/O

UP - Up Relay Output

UP RELAY OUTPUT Up relay output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

US - Up Slow Relay Output

US RELAY OUTPUT Up slow output See Section 6: Motion, for more on the relay operation

Section

Section 5. Liquid Crystal Display

Understanding the LCD

Reading the liquid crystal display Modes, Position, Address' and status

Note: LCD contrast is set via POT located to the upper left of LCD. (POT 2.)

LCD Status Line

LCD Position & Direction

02u NOR IDL ≻< 100-170: V-2.42 The lift position is shown in the top left of the LCD display, followed by the current demand direction.

The above example shows the lift on the 2nd floor with an up direction

LCD Lift Modes

02d NOR RDN][100-170: V-2.42 The lift modes are shown in the top left centre of the LCD display. The above example shows the lift on Normal

- CFS Lift on Car Fire Service
- COR Lift performing a correction run due to loss of position
- DDO Door Open Disable (Toggle switch provided on board)
- EP Lift on Emergency power
- EQK Earthquake input activated
- HCB Hall Call Bypass
- HFA Lift on Hall Fire Alternate Service (USA-Fire Service Code 17.1 only)
- HFS Lift on Hall Fire Service
- HR Lift on Hospital / Hall Recall
- IND Lift on Independent service
- INS Lift on Inspection (Toggle switch provided on board)
- NOR Lift on Normal
- NPT No Pulse Time out (Fatal error. See Section 6, Counting method 01, NPT)
- PRK Lift on Parking
- ZON Lift zoned/zoning to floor

LCD Lift Status

```
02d NOR RDN ][
100-170: V-2.42
```

The lift status is shown to the top right centre of the LCD display. The above example shows the lift Running Down

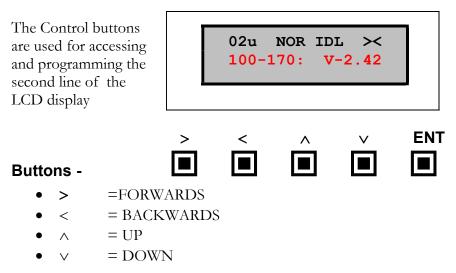
- BDL Bridged door lock. Doors shall remain open until bridge is removed. See DFO input
- DCP Fail door close protection. See DFC input
- DOP Fail door open protection. See DFO input
- IDL Lift idle
- LCK Door Locks not made. See DFC input
- LDN Leveling down, displays on re-level down. See MSU input
- LEV Leveling blocked, displays on re-leveling failed and disabled. See MSD/MSU input
- LRN Learning floor operation in progress.
- LUP Leveling up, displays on re-level up. See MSD input
- PRV Waiting PRV input to run. See PRV input
- RDN Running down
- RPT Run protection time exceeded. Fatal error. See EEprom settings RPT
- RUP Running up
- SAF Lost safety circuit. See SAF input

LCD Door Modes

02- NOR LCK-bad 100-170: V-2.42 The door mode is shown to the top right of the LCD display. It has the following status.

- <> Doors opening
- [] Doors open
- >< Doors closing
-] [Doors closed
- -bad Doors fully closed but door locks not made. See DFC input
- -fail Doors failed on DOP or DCP. See DFC/DFO input
- -- Doors on other control. i.e. Inspection.

LCD Control Buttons



ΜΟΤΙΟΝ

• ENT = ENTER

LCD Display Options

Use the forwards and backwards buttons to cycle through the available options

	02- NOR IDL][100-170: V-2.42	Text plus software version
∧ UP	02- NOR IDL][Bld: Jan 12 2017	Software Build date
> FORWARDS	02- NOR IDL][BOT 01 :0000000	EEProm settings and values Press ∧ and ∨ to scroll through the adjustable EEprom settings. See Section 2, EEprom settings
> FORWARDS	02- NOR IDL][R:00 00 fc fe e9	R - internal ram address' and values
> FORWARDS	02- NOR IDL][Log Run/Door Ops	Number of runs or door operations Earlier software versions count in hex. Later software versions count in decimal.
> FORWARDS	02- NOR IDL][Flr Positioning	Floor Positioning See Motion. Counting method 01.

Section

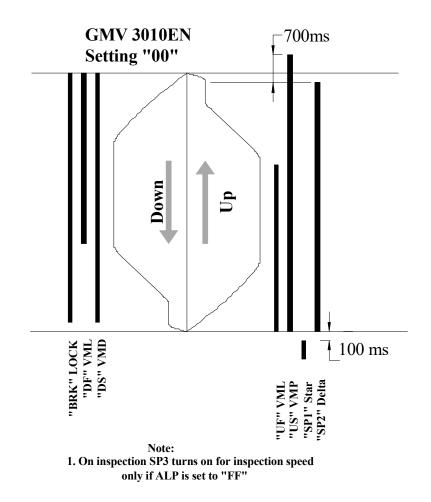
Section 6. Motion

Motion Control Outputs

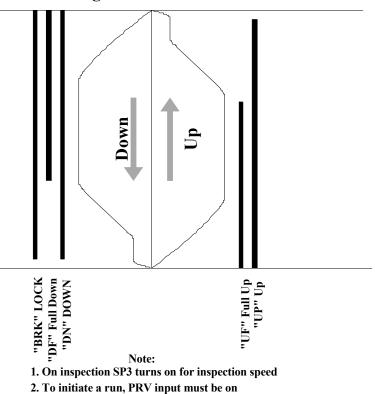
Drive settings and their output status.

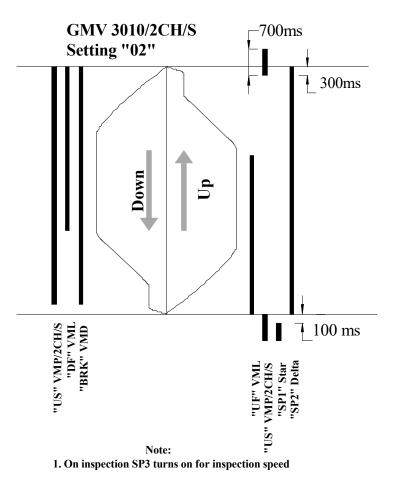
The controller may output to various different drive as per the list below depending on the DRV EEProm setting. The following diagrams only indicate the drive outputs but do not show re-leveling functions and timing.

DRV...EEPROM...Drive control type.

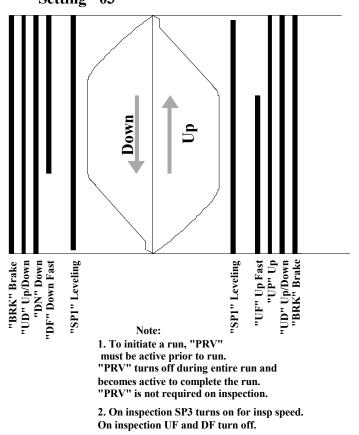






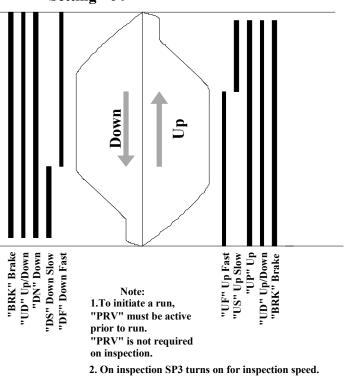


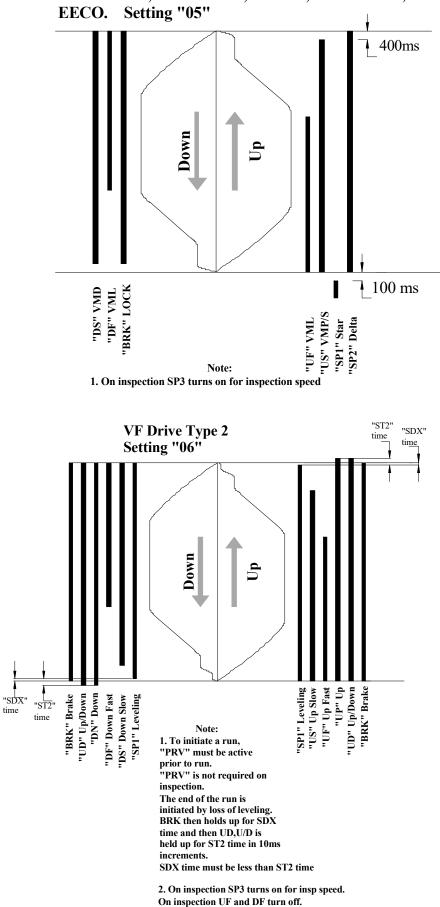
VF Drive Type 1 KEB-VF, ZETADYN-VF. Setting "03"



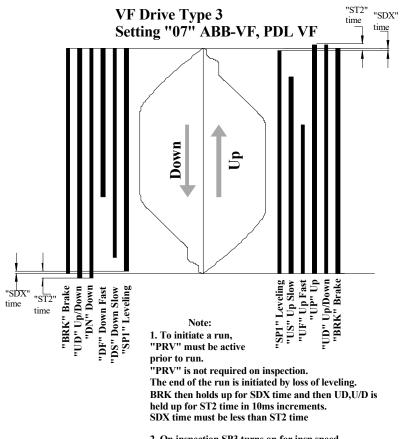
3. SP2 turns on for intermiediate speed (MSL=01 only)







GMV 3010/S, Blain EV100, Maxton, Bucher LRV,



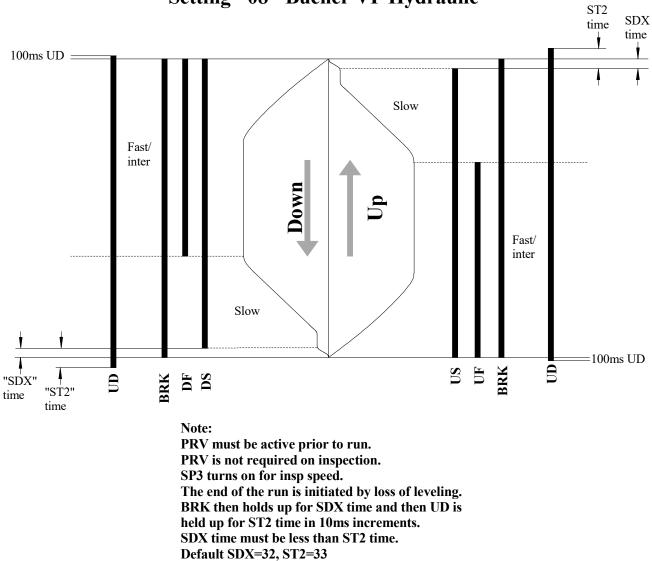
2. On inspection SP3 turns on for insp speed. On inspection SP1 turns off.

ABB VF

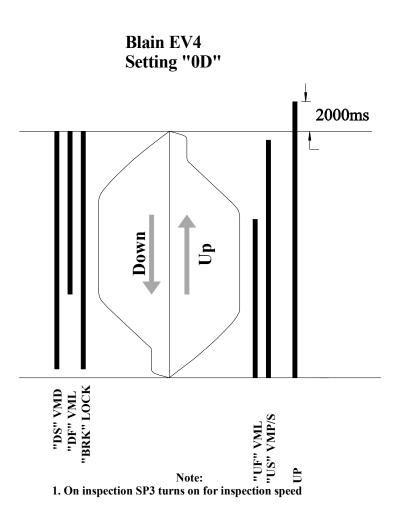
PDL VF. MULTI REF. 3 WIRE CONTROL

						MF14	MF15	MF1	6
SPEED	DS/US	UF/DF	SP1	FUNCTION	SPEED	DS/US	UF/DF	SP1	MULTI REF. FUNCTIONS
N/A	1	0	0	N/A 0 rpm	N/A	1	0	0	N/A 0 rpm
INSP SLOW	0	1	0	RPM / Contract fpm x 10 = set for 10fpm	INSP SLOW -M	2 0	1	0	Set for 10fpm
INSP FAST	1	1	0	RPM / Contract fpm x 50 = set for 50fpm	INSP FAST -M6	1	1	0	Set for 50fpm
LEV	0	0	1	RPM / Contract fpm x 10 = set for 10fpm	LEV -M1	0	0	1	Set for 10fpm
SLOW	1	0	1	RPM / Contract fpm x 25 = set for 25fpm	SLOW -M5	1	0	1	Set for 25fpm
INTER	0	1	1	RPM / 0.75 = set for 75% Cont Spd	INTER -M3	0	1	1	Set for 75% Cont Spd
FAST	1	1	1	Set as per motor rpm sync spd (RPM)	FAST -M7	1	1	1	Contract Speed (as a %)

ECD DRV Setting - "07"



VF Drive Type 4 Setting "08" Bucher VF Hydraulic



Counting Method "00" - Magnet Counting.

EEProm MSL setting "00"

The controller counts its position within the lift shaft using the DZ – Door Zone Input, MSU – Magnet Switch Up Input, MSD – Magnet Switch Down Input, TSL – Top Slowing Limit and BSL – Bottom Slowing Limit.

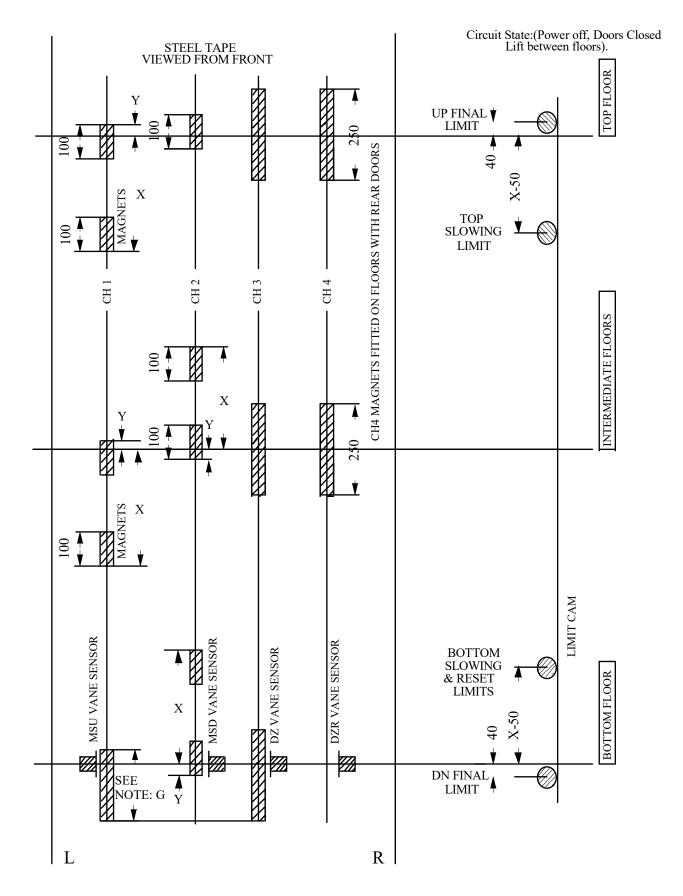
If the lift is stationary or running down and BSL input is removed, the lift shall reset to the bottom floor. If running down in fast speed, the fast speed inputs shall be turned off.

If the lift is stationary or running up and TSL input is removed, the lift shall reset to the top floor. If running up in fast speed, the fast speed inputs shall be turned off.

The shaft information at floor level must be as per the Counting Method "00" Shaft Layout drawing in that the MSD and MSU vanes must be within the door zone. See the diagram; "*Counting Method "00' Shaft Layout" at the end of this section.*

If the lift was to leave the bottom floor in the up direction heading to the third landing it would count as follows.

- While traveling up fast all MSD out of the DZ shall be ignored.
- As the lift travels up fast and passes MSU slowing magnet for level 2, the advance count is shown by transistor outputs 1P-8P.
- As the lift travels up fast and passes the DZ magnet for level 2 (MSU and MSD ignored/masked by DZ) the position count as shown on the LCD shall increment to level 2.
- As the lift travels up fast and passes MSU slowing magnet for level 3, the advance count is shown by transistor outputs 1P-8P. As the lift advance counts, slowing shall be initiated for level 3.
- The lift shall now level into the third floor. The position count shall increment to level 3 when the DZ vane is entered. The lift shall remain running until both MSU and MSD are on. LEV relay output shall turn on when either MSU or MSD is on.



Counting Method "00' Shaft Layout

Section

Section 7: Faults – Fault finding.

Upgrade Controller software.

Controller software may be required to be updated depending on the version installed and the options the lift has. While we try to make it as simple as possible for software upgrades, unfortunately some EEPROM address' may be required to be edited due to additional features being added.

It is recommended that the Service Mechanic that changes this software knows how to change EEPROM settings and has a definition list for the new version being installed.

Group/Duplex Faults

See Section 3. Group faults

Leveling inhibit. LEV

A leveling failure has been added to stop the lift from re-leveling after 3 attempts of 10 seconds. See Section5. LCD lift status - **LEV**

Run protection timer. RPT

RPT is a fatal error and can be reset only via a processor POR or Inspection on/off sequence. See also EEprom setting RPT for more information on RPT sequence.

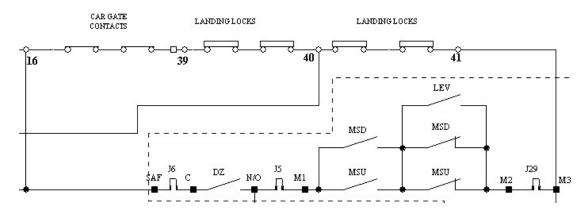
Lift won't re-level with doors open

The most common cause for this is the masking circuit.

Note: For this to operate correctly you require one of MSU or MSD inputs but not both. This shall initiate a relevel, which shall be indicated by the UP or DN and slow speed onboard relays to energize.

Also ensure lift is on operating mode normal.

We must ensure we have a circuit from terminal 16 through to M3. Check your links and status of onboard relays.



If you have the supply to M3 and onboard direction relays up you can then check the neutral side. The neutral is also switched through a "LR" or "DZ" contact onboard. This switches "N" through to M4.

FAULTS - FAULT FINDING

On board fuse blows

There are 2 fuses mounted on the controller board. The 2A fuse protects the 5VDC supply to all the logic on board. The 4A fuse protects the 24VDC supply.

If 2A (5V) fuse blows check that the 6V Zener diode is not short circuited. (return for repairs)

If 4A (24V) fuse blows.

1. Test for fault on 24VDC circuits (inputs/outputs)

2. Remove all external plugs except 18VAC and 10VAC

3. Replace fuse. If 4A fuse still blows, check that the **30V Zener diode** is not short circuited. (return for repairs)

4. If fuse does not blow plug in external inputs/outputs one plug at a time and test for external fault.

Testing 24VDC

Ensure 0v and 24v are free from other voltages. High voltages may be superimposed on 0v and 24VDC lines as no reference to ground exists. See Warning 1.2.14

- 1. Turn the meter to the HIGH VAC range.
- 2. Meter between 0v and Neutral. (Should be 0V)
- 3. Meter between 0v and L2A (if applicable). (Should be 0V)
- 4. Meter between 24VDC and Neutral. (Should be 0V)
- 5. Meter between 0VDC and 24VDC. (Should be 24VDC)

If 24vdc is low or unstable, check large capacitor C69 on PCB. This capacitor may have been hit or knocked, which can break off one of the legs soldered into the PCB. A gentle twist will reveal if one leg has broken. If so, replace the capacitor

Doors do not open

Check door disable switch DDO on PCB is off See Inputs-Outputs, DDO

Doors close on park

If the doors close when keyed to park after EDP is opened you may require a software update. Upgrade to latest Version software.

Doors don't open at terminal floors

Ensure the MSU slowing input is activated **before** the Top Slowing Limit (TSL) at the top floor Ensure the MSD slowing input is activated **before** the Bottom Slowing Limit (BSL) at the bottom floor.

Lift gets out of step

If the lift gets out of step check the following.

1.MSU and MSD magnets must be within DZ (DoorZone) at floor level.

2. If lift resets incorrectly at top floor check TOP EEprom setting.

Lift does not answer car calls

Check CCM, CC1 setting.

Lift does not answer hall calls

Check UCM, DCM setting.

Lift misses hall calls

If the lift misses only some hall calls but answers car calls whilst on normal operation

FAULTS - FAULT FINDING

- 1. Ensure SIS unit is mounted firmly.
- 2. Some magnets may have dead spots. Change faulty magnets.
- 3. Ensure software is latest Version.
- 4. On terminal floors ensure that MSU/MSD initiates slowing before TSL/BSL respectively.

Re-leveling won't operate

Check RLV setting.

Red3 LED is not blinking

The microprocessor has locked up (possibility caused by electrical noise interference, power failure). Reset via a processor power on reset (POR);

- Turn the power supply off
- Wait for 10s
- Turn the power supply back on
- Observe LEDs status.

Under normal operation;

- The red Red3 LED blinks to confirm that the microprocessor is running.
- The yellow Yel3 LED comes on to confirm outputs are enabled.
- The green Grn3 LED comes on during power up and turns off during normal operation. It will also flash once when a new value has been written in to EEPROM..

When re-powering; ensure the lift is off for 10 seconds before turning back on.

On power up, a delay of approximately 2 seconds is given on start up to ensure voltages are stable prior to reading and writing outputs.

Processor errors/Lockup:

Ensure 0V and 10V AC supply present at board terminal Try new microprocessor IC. 35V 470uF capacitor damaged. Crystal damaged. Lockup may be due to spike/noise. All relays, valves, brakes, door motors etc must be suppressed with an appropriate filter or surge absorber unit to prevent voltage spikes and back emf/noise.

Lift running constantly until hall button push:

Check ZON LOB and ZTM settings in software If ZTM is set to FF and ZON and LOB have valid settings the lift may run continuously between these floors until a hall button is registered after approximately 4 hours from last call. Setting ZTM to FE avoids this problem

Lift not responding to hall button until car button registered:

Check ZON LOB and ZTM settings in software

If ZTM is set to FF and ZON and LOB are set to 00 the lift may stop responding to hall calls after approximately 4 hours.

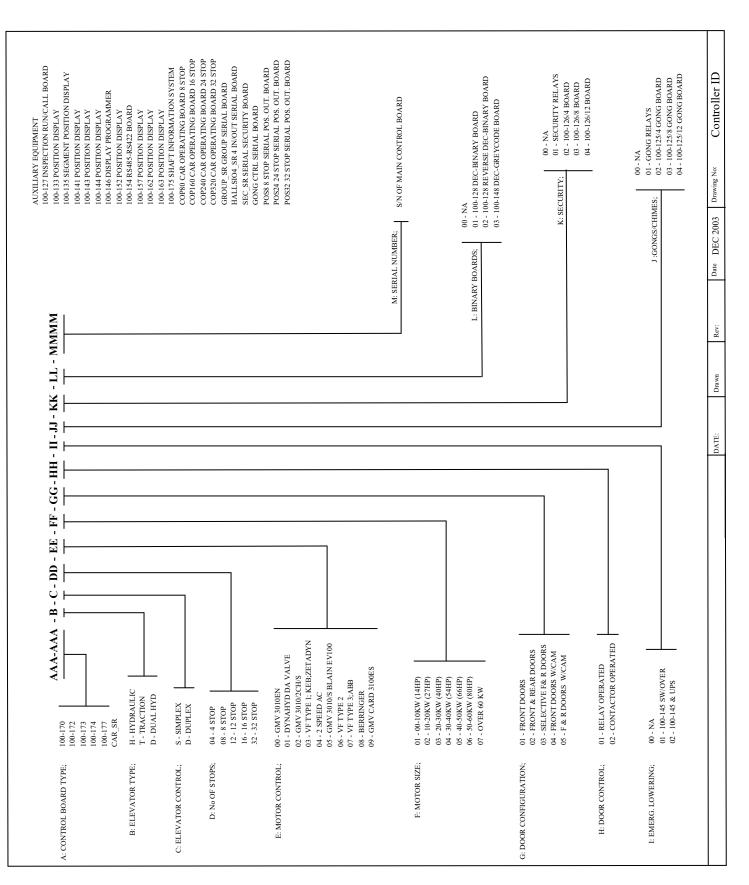
Setting ZTM to FE, or any other value other than FF, avoids this problem

Section

Section 8. Upgrades, Changes & Technical Information

Upgrades, changes and modifications

When contacting us please have the board's part number (printed in white on PCB), software version and software build date (see Section 5).



Controller ID.

Terminal Screw Torque Settings.

ТҮРЕ	CONTACTOR TERMINAL	TORQUE	TORQUE
	SCREW SIZE	(Nm)	(Ft-lbs)
GMC-9	M4	2.3	1.7
GMC-12	M4	2.3	1.7
GMC-18	M4	4.0	3.0
GMC-22	M4	4.0	3.0
GMC-32	M5	4.0	3.0
GMC-40	M5	4.0	3.0
GMC-50	M6	5.0	3.7
GMC-65	M8	5.0	3.7
GMC-75	M8	5.0	3.7
GMC-85	M8	5.0	3.7
GMC-100	M8	9.0	6.6

TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR 3 POLE CONTACTORS

TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR THERMAL OVERLOADS

ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL SCREW SIZE	TORQUE	TORQUE
		(Nm)	(Ft-lbs)
GTK-22	M4	2.3	1.7
GTK-40	M4	4.0	3.0
GTK-85 (28-40A)	M6-M8	5.1	3.8

TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR MODULAR SCREW TERMINALS

ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL SCREW SIZE	TORQUE	TORQUE
		(Nm)	(Ft-lbs)
2.5mm	M2.5	0.4 - 0.6	0.30 - 0.44
4.0mm	M3	0.5 - 0.7	0.37 - 0.52
10.0mm	M5	2.0 - 2.5	1.48 - 1.84
16.0mm	M6	2.5 - 3.0	1.84 - 2.21
35.0mm	M8	6.0 - 10.0	4.00 - 7.38
75.0mm	M8	6.0 - 10.0	4.00 - 7.38

ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT DESIGNS PTY. LTD.

Operation Guide

© Electronic Circuit Designs Pty. Ltd. Factory 11/30 Perry Street • Matraville • NSW • Australia • 2036 Phone 61 2 9316 6909 • Fax 61 2 9316 6797 Email <u>sales@ecd.com.au</u> Web <u>www.ecd.com.au</u>